The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,718 – New Series. BOMBAY :—TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 31
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly	,, 16
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	,, 6

To Subscribers—Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	,, 29	Half-yearly	,, 34
Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, 20
Monthly	,, 6	Monthly	,, 7

* These Up country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy.....As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—	
First insertion	Rs. 2 0
Second do.	,, 1 8
Third do.	,, 1 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	,, 0 12 As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8	As. per Line.
Second do.	4	,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2	,, ,,
In the Native Languages, double the above.		

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Chances of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	,, 0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES; EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free to India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy .....As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATIONS COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. ETHIOPIA, 2,032 Tons, on SATURDAY, 17th Jan., 1880, at 3 P. M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Cocconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 567 Tons, on MONDAY, 19th Jan., 1880, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. PUTTIALLA, 839 Tons, on THURSDAY, 15th Jan., 1880, at 4 p. m., calling at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, JASK, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, and BUSSORAH, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons on FRIDAY, 16th January, 1880, connecting at Aden with S. S. PATNA, 1,780 Tons.

Saloon passage	Rs. 500
Second Class passage	,, 325

The Patna is due in London about 19th February. Transfer at Aden made by Company. The Patna carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on FRIDAY, 16th January, 1880. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered, as the Union Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Java's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 10th January 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 230	,, 150	Rs. 90	Without food.
Suez	380	220	80	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Messina	500	340	140	Including Wine.
Naples	500	340	140	
Legohrn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	520	350	145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

SUMATRA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st February, 1880.
PERSIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st March, 1880.
ASSIRIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 25th March, 1880.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st April, 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent, Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 21st November 1879.

ANCHOR LINE, INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL AND BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

CASTALIA..... Tons, H.P. Capt. 2,200 424 CRINGLE, on or about 31st Jan.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

ITALIA..... 2,265 424 KNOX, on or about 21st Jan. To be followed at intervals.

FARES —Bombay to Marseilles –.....Rs. 400
,, Bombay to Liverpool.....,, 500

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 18th December 1879.

HALL LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE S. S. SPEKE HALL, 2,700 Tons, 400 H. P., Captain BRAND, will sail as above on or about the 31st January, 880.

Passage Money, Rs. 500.

For face of Saloon and Cabins, or other particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 19th December 1879.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL. FARE—Rs. 500.

S.S. BRANKSOME HALL, CAPT. R. COLLIN, 2,100 Tons, 300 H. P.

THIS STEAMER will be despatched on or about the 7th February.

Her Saloon and Cabins are all on Deck.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 9th January 1880.

N.B.—To be followed by the S.S. TRENTHAM HALL about the 5th March.

NOTICE.—ANCHOR LINE, INDIAN SERVICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. ITALIA, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

WANTED.

TO P. W. D. ENGINEERS ABOUT TO RETIRE AND OTHERS.

THE services of an ASSISTANT ENGINEER of thoroughly practical experience in Railway Construction in India are likely to be required at an early date, for a period of about 18 months. He must be steady and energetic. Salary Rs. 400 per mensem, with Travelling Allowance.

Apply to "C. E.," Aligguzh, N. W. P.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	17th Jany.
PESHAWUR	3781	600	C. A. White	24th do.
SURAT	3141	530	W. E. Breese	31st do.
(c) KHIVA	2609	450	G. Lee	7th Feb.
TRAVANCORE	1900	360	R. Scott	14th do.
(c) BOKHARA	2932	450	W. D. Anderson	21st Feb.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	28th do.
(c) MONGOLIA	2833	500	E. M. Edmond	6th March.
SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	13th do.
(c) NEPAUL	3336	600	J. S. Murray	20th do.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	27th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (c) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd January 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.
THIBET	3283	400	J. H. Torbock ...26th Jan., 1880
LOMBARDY	2723	450	H. Wyatt.....30th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd January 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	31st Jan. 1880.
BANGALORE	2242	450	C. Fraser	14th Feb.
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	28th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon 3 p. m, on the day of sailing

For Passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 2nd January 1880. Superintendent.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,
TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
FIRE RESERVE FUND ... £261,444

Fire Premiums after deducting Re-insurances..	In 1870	...	£139,808
	,, 1873	...	£295,149
	,, 1877	...	£450,883

POLICIES issued and CLAIMS promptly paid without reference to Head Office, by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS conducted by me in Bombay, both independently of, and in connection with, the Firms of Messrs. E. D. SASSOON & Co. of CHINA, will, from THIS DATE, be carried on under the Style or Firm of E. D. SASSOON and Co.

E. D. SASSOON.

Bombay, 1st January 1880.

WITH reference to the above, we have THIS DAY admitted Mr. JACOB ELIAS SASSOON and Mr. SASSOON JACOB DAVID as PARTNERS in our Firms in BOMBAY and CHINA.

E. D. SASSOON & Co.

Bombay, 1st January 1880.

BEST MOCHA COFFEE,

ROASTED and Ground by a first-rate London Roaster, in hermetically sealed tins of 1 lb. each. Cash Re.1-8.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS COMPANY OF FINEST SELECTED TOBACCOS.

	Cash.	Rs.	a.
Thompson's, Dawson's, and Noble's muster, per box of 100	1	12	
Do. do. do. 250	4	0	
Dindiguls and Havannahs, box of 100	2	0	
Do. do. box of 250	4	8	
Treacher's muster. box of 50	1	2	
Treacher's Gem muster..... box of 50	1	0	

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE NEW REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

LACTOPEPTINE,

a composition of PTYALINE, PEPSINE, PANCREATINE, HYDROCHLORIC, and LACTIC ACIDS presented in an agreeable SACCHARATED form.

It is palatable and easy of administration, has DIGESTIVE POWER SEVEN TIMES GREATER THAN THAT OF PEPSINE, and contains all the agents of digestion that act upon food, from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

Cash.

Original bottles, with measure and directions for use.....Rs. 2 8

SOLE AGENTS :

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

AUCTION SALE OF THE P. AND O. S. S. HINDOSTAN.

OAKES AND CO.,

Under instructions from the Agent of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company, will SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION at their Rooms, at 12 noon, on MONDAY, 26th January,

THE S. S. HINDOSTAN as she now lies stranded near Madras, about 36 miles south of Madras, with all her Machinery, Boilers, Masts and Rigging, but without the cargo which may be in her, which will be sold separately.

The S. S. Hindostan was built in 1868, is 353 feet long, with 43 feet beam, is of 3,185 Tons and 600 H. P.

Hull is of Iron, the top sides are of Steel from the water line.

Masts.—Three lower Masts, (all of iron,) and the wire rigging.

Coals, about 300 Tons. Funnel, iron.

Anchors.—2 bowers (laid out) with about 280 fathoms chain cable.

Capstans.—Two.

Patent Windlass.—One.

Engines.—Compound, new in May 1877. Cylinders 102 and 59 in. and are of a valuable description.

Boilers.—Eight. New in May 1877, with mountings, copper feed pipes, etc., also a large Donkey Boiler.

Engineers' Tools and Stores.—A valuable assortment, and a large quantity of spare gear.

Saloon Galley.—Large valuable cooking range and fittings.

Baths.—Valuable white marble, eleven in number, and the same number of Patent W. C. S.

Cabins.—Saloon and deck.

After the above will be sold,

On account of the concerned,

The Cargo which may be on board of the vessel consisting of Sale and Case Goods, and a large quantity of Iron, all submerged.

The Purchaser of the Cargo will have to arrange with the Purchaser of the Vessel as to the removal of the Cargo.

At 5 P. M.

Of the same day will be sold 3 life boats and 2 cutters. They will be beached or moored in the Cooum River opposite the Sandstand, South Beach.

Terms of Sale—CASH.

OAKES & Co.,
Madras. Auctioneer,

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

MUSIC LESSONS given by a GENTLEMAN. Please apply to M. A., this Office.

REPAIRS of WATCHES and CLOCKS under my own supervision at moderate charge. Genuine solid workmanship. EDMOND CHARPIE, Watchmaker, Meadow Street, next door to Thacker and Co.

STILTON CHEESE just landed. Apply to the undersigned.

GREEN & JARVIS, Apollo Bunder.

JUST RECEIVED, Consignment of NORWEGIAN BEER in splendid condition in Quarts and Pints. F. MASOTTI & Co, No. 23, Rampart Row.

FOR SALE, PIANO by COLLARD and COLLARD. Price Rs. 200. Apply to R. H. BAKER, Elphinstone Circle.

FOR SALE, ELPHINSTONE LODGE MATHERAN, including Stables and Out-houses, and 33 acres land. Apply to the TRUSTEES, W. Nicol & Co.

CIGARS.—Just received from Madras a fresh batch, pronounced by the Bombay Smokers to be the mildest and resembling HAVANNAHS. Rs. 25 per 1,000 Apply to EBRAM HUSSUM, 14, Meadow, Street.

FINEST OLD SCOTCH WHISKY FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned. Price in bottles Rs. 24 per dozen, or in Jars containing 2 Gallons at Rs. 24 per jar. W. M. MACAULAY and Co., 24, Apollo Street.

PEARSE'S unequalled MACHINE KNEADED BREAD, delivered by cart, throughout the Island, price one and-a-half anna the pound. PEARSE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"SONGS OF SCOTLAND."

KENNEDY'S FAREWELL!
TOWN HALL,
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 14TH.

POSITIVELY THE LAST APPEARANCE OF MR. KENNEDY AND FAMILY IN BOMBAY.

SPECIALLY SELECTED PROGRAMME.

Commence at 9. Carriages may be ordered at 10-45.

Tramway cars will be in waiting at 11 o'clock.

Reserved Seats	Two Rupees.
Second Seats	One Rupee.
Soldiers and Sailors	Eight Annas.

Plan at SOUNDY & Co.'s, where Tickets may now be obtained.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FRESH BATCHES of ARAB HORSES of this Season's arrival, some amongst them Chargers, Hunters, Racers, Hacks and Pairs of Horses, &c., &c.

JAMASJEE COWASJEE,
Bhendy Bazaar Stab'e, Parel Road, No. 142.

NOTICE.

CLERKS WANTED IMMEDIATELY for Quetta Arsenal. Apply at the Bombay Arsenal.

F. W. SPRING, Major, R. A.,
Commissary of Ordnance.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per Ship REGENT MURRAY, Cap'n Duncan Gray, are hereby informed of the ARRIVAL of the Vessel from LONDON, and are requested to present BILLS of LADING and PAY FREIGHT, if any, to the undersigned and TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS AT ONCE from the Prince's Dock.

No claim of any kind will be paid after the departure of the ship unless previously passed by the Captain.

JOSEPH SOARES,
Agent, Ship Regent Murray.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ADJOURNED QUARTERLY MEETING of the CORPORATION will be held here at 3 p. m. on FRIDAY, 16th instant, for the consideration of the business left undisposed of at the Meeting held this day.

By order of the Chairman,

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 12th January 1880.

LODGE CONCORD BALL.

THE ANNUAL MASONIC REUNION SOCIAL BALL of this Lodge will take place on FRIDAY, 23rd instant.

Tickets to admit One Gentleman and Two Ladies, Rs. 10.
Extra Lady's Ticket, Rs. 5.
Single Gentleman's Ticket, Rs. 10.
Non-Masons may also subscribe.
Applications for Tickets to be made through the Worshipful Masters of Lodges in either Constitution, or to

T. C. BRENNEN, W. M. E.,
5, Apollo Street, Fort.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of TIMBER to the Municipal Workshops from 1st February to 30th November, 1880, will be received by the undersigned up to 3 p. m. on MONDAY, the 19th instant.

The probable quantities of each class of Timber required can be ascertained on application at this Office where further information and Forms of Tenders may be obtained on payment of Re. 1 each.

A deposit of Rs. 500 will be required with each Tender.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

J. H. GRANT,
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 12th January 1880.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS HEERBAI, Widow and Administratrix of RAHIMBHOY ALLOOBHOY, deceased, hath contracted to SELL to LIMBAJEE BABAJEE SABLAY VANJAREE, all that piece of Government ground situate at Colaba, admeasuring about 387 square yards, bearing Collector's No. 85, together with the house thereon standing numbered 87 by the Collector of Assessment, and which is bounded on the east by the Manockjee Row and the Mahomedan burying ground, on the west by the Eduljee Nowrojee Road, on the north by the properties of J. F. DeSouza and Manockjee Mistree, and on the south by the properties of Mowjee Bhatia and Nusserwanjee Nowrojee Kanga. ALL PERSONS claiming any right to or interest in the said hereditaments by way of purchase, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise, are hereby required to inform the undersigned of the same on or before the 25th instant, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claim.—Dated this 12th day of January, 1880.

JEMSETJEE CURSETJEE CAMA,
Purchaser's Attorney.

CUMBALA.

TO BE LET, an UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW at Cumbala. Rent Rs. 150. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

BREACH CANDY.

TO BE LET, an UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW at Breach Candy. Rent Rs. 150. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, a LOWER-ROOMED BUNGALOW at Breach Candy. Rent Rs. 100. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE.
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

MIDDLE COLABA.

TO BE LET, a desirable BUNGALOW in Middle Colaba, now in the occupation of F. E. Cutler, Esq. Rent only Rs. 150. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, a CHARMING LITTLE COTTAGE in Middle Colaba, near the seashore. Rent Rs. 150. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

OFFICE ROOMS TO BE LET in FORT.—SPACIOUS OFFICE APARTMENTS in Fort in the well known Building of Messrs. Graham and Co. Rents Rs. 400, 300, 200, 150 and 100. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

MOUNT ABOO.

TO BE LET, a COMPLETELY FURNISHED BUNGALOW at Mount Aboo for the coming Hot Season. Rent Rs. 600. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street, House Agent.

TO BE LET, in Rampart Row, Cool and desirable FIRST FLOOR of the HOUSE next door to Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, OFFICE QUARTERS could be had in Messrs. W. Nicol and Co's Building in Elphinstone Circle. Apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

BREACH CANDY.

THE well known SOMERSET HOUSE at Breach Candy could be had from 1st May next. For rent and other particulars apply to

F. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 626 of 1877.

LOOMBA LALLA, KHOOSHAL PREMA, WALLA PUNNA, LUCHHA LALLA, and BHOOTA OOMA, all of Bombay, Marwadi inhabitants, carrying on business in partnership as Grocers under the Name, Style and Firm of LOOMBA LALLA and COMPANY in house No. 1, in Sonapore Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

GOVERDHUN DAMODHUR, of Bombay, Hindoo merchant, residing in house No. 27, situate in Withulwady, outside the Fort, the heir and legal personal representative of CHUTTOORBHOJ GOVERDHUN.....Defendant.

WHEREAS by a PROCLAMATION of SALE made by the undersigned, dated the 6th day of December, 1879, and published in the *Bombay Gazette*, the *Bombay Saunchar* and the *Prabhakar* of the 10th instant, it was proclaimed and notified that on Saturday, the 10th day of January, 1880, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay would under and by virtue of a warrant for sale, dated the 2nd day of July, 1879, therein mentioned, put up for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, to the highest bidder, and without reserve, the right, title, and interest of the said Defendant in certain lands and premises at Withulwady.

And whereas the said sale advertised as aforesaid was on the 10th January, 1880, adjourned for want of bidders, by the officer conducting the sale to Saturday, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on SATURDAY, the 17th day of January, 1880, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay will, under and by virtue of a warrant for sale, dated the 2nd day of July, 1879, put up FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises, to the highest bidder, and without reserve, the right, title and interest of the said Defendant in the said lands and premises at Withulwady or insomuch thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the decree.

For particulars vide the said Proclamation, dated 6th December, 1879, and for further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1880.

W. MAITLAND,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Mr. JAMSETJEE CURSETJEE CAMA,
Attorney for Defendant.

VIENNA BEER.

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE BREWERY, IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

	Cash.
Per doz. Quarts .....Rs.	6-8
Per doz. Pints ..... ,,	4-4

TREACHER & CO. (LIMITED).

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR HALF A CENTURY.

SHERRY:
YELLOW SEAL,
PALE AND LIGHT,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 17.

SHERRY:
PALE DINNER,
AN EXCELLENT LIGHT DRY WINE FOR GENERAL USE
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 23.

SHERRY:
VINO DE PASTO,
A GOOD GENEROUS DINNER WINE,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 27.

SHERRY:
OLD DRY,
VERY SUPERIOR, SOFT, AND DRY,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 3

SHERRY:
GOLDEN,
A RICH NUTTY-FLAVOURED DESSERT WINE,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 30.

SHERRY:
MANZANILLA,
VERY DRY AND PALE, UNSURPASSED FOR DELICACY AND PURITY,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 30.

SHERRY:
AMONTILLADO SUPERIOR,
OLD AND CHOICE,
Cash, per dozen, Rs. 38.

These Wines selected with great care by the Company's XEREZ Agency, are deservedly acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest class.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES' CYRIAX, AND FARRIES, LONDON.

ALL INDENTS TO BE ADDRESSED TO THEIR REPRESENTATIVE,
MR. CHARLES W. WHITE.
SPCIAL QUOTATIONS GIVEN IF REQUIRED.
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

REMOVAL.

WATSON & COMPANY

HAVE REMOVED FROM

CHURCH GATE STREET

TO

ESPLANADE HOTEL.

BOMBAY MUSIC SALOONS.

SOUNDY & CO., RAMPART ROW & MEADOW STREET,

IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS OF

PIANOFORTES, HARMONIUMS, AMERICAN ORGANS,

IRON FRAMED PIANOS FOR INDIA,

Sole Agents and Importers of the

SMITH COMPANY'S AMERICAN ORGANS,

AND THE "HARMONICHORD" IRON FRAMED PIANOS,

Violins, Guitars, Basses, Violincellos, Banjos, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flageolets, Oboes, Sarus, Sophones, Cornets, Sax Horns, Euphoniums, Helicons, Bombardons, Drums, Tympani, Cymbals, Triangles, French Horns, Bassoons, and every kind of Musical Instrument and Appurtenance.

Illustrated Price List free on application.

SOUNDY & CO., BOMBAY.

MUSIC SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

ELEGANT VOLUMES OF VOCAL AND PIANOFORTE MUSIC.

The Royal Edition.

Songs of England. (100). Edited by J. L. Hatton.
Songs of Scotland. (120). Edited by Brown and Pittman. With introduction by Dr. Mackay.
Songs of Ireland. [106]. Including the best of Moore's melodies. Edited by J. L. Hatton and J. L. Molloy.
Songs of Wales. [62]. With Welsh and English words. Edited by Brinley Richards.
Sacred Songs, Ancient and Modern. [100]. Edited by John Hiles.
Humorous Songs, New and Popular. [72]. Suitable for Drawing-room use. Edited by J. L. Hatton.
Choice Duets for Ladies' Voices. [36]. Edited by Randegger.
Beethoven's Songs. [76].
Mendelssohn's Songs and Duets. 54 Songs and the Six Duets, op. 63. Edited by J. Pittman.
Schumann's Songs. [75]. Edited by J. L. Hatton.
The last three Books have German and English words. The above are neatly bound in cloth gilt edges, each Rs. 2.

SONGS OF SCOTLAND.

A new and superb edition containing Twelve Full-page Illustrations by celebrated Artists.
The Book contains 190 Songs; edited by J Pittman.
Beautifully bound in cloth, gilt edges, Rs. 7-8.

MARCH ALBUM.

A collection of the most celebrated Italian, French and German Marches for the Pianoforte. Selected, partly arranged, and revised by E. Pauer.
Large octavo. Red cover, net, Two Rupees Four Annas.

GAVOTTE ALBUM.

A collection of the most celebrated Italian, French and German Gavottes for the Pianoforte. Selected, partly arranged, and Revised by E. Pauer.
Large octavo. Red cover, net, One Rupee Eight Annas.

The Prima Donna's Album, containing 41 songs for a Soprano voice.

The Contralto Album, containing 50 songs for a Mezzo-Soprano or Contralto voice.

	Rs.	a.
Bound in cloth gilt edges, each	5	8
"The Royal Volume,"—The Queen's Minstrels, the Prince of Wales, and the United Christys' 73 New Songs, with choruses and pianoforte accompaniments. Cloth boards, gilt sides	3	0
Sims Reeves' 90 Tenor Songs, made so popular by him. Cloth boards, gilt sides	3	0
Moore's Irish Melodies, containing 72 Songs, complete cloth gilt	3	0
The "Home and Colonial" Christy Minstrels' Volume of 63 New Songs, with Choruses and Pianoforte Accompaniments Cloth bevelled boards, gilt edges	3	0
The St. James's Hall Christy's Minstrels' Seventy-five Songs. With Choruses, and with Symphonies and Accompaniments for the Pianoforte. Cloth, gilt edges	3	0
The Royal Volume, containing the Queen's Minstrels, the Prince of Wales's Minstrels, and the United Christy Minstrels' Songs, with Choruses and Accompaniments. In one handsome volume	3	0
Christy's Minstrels' Song Book. Containing 147 Songs and Duets, with Choruses and Pianoforte Accompaniments (three volumes in one). Cloth, gilt edges	9	0
The Verdi Album. Twenty-five favorite Songs, from Verdi's Operas, in Italian and English. Cloth, gilt	5	0
Champion Vocalists Volume, 62 new Comic Songs, Mottoes Songs, and Parodies, with Pianoforte Accompaniments, neatly bound in cloth	3	0

THE MUSICAL GIFT BOOK.

A Collection of Pianoforte Pieces, comprising Christmas Music—Pastorals—Hunting Songs—Love Songs—Soldiers' and Sailors' Songs—Patriotic Hymns—National Melodies—Dances of the Olden Time—National Dances and Modern Dances—many of them composed for this Work.

Selected, Edited, and Arranged by ERNEST PAUER.

(With Illustrations by Eugena and Laby, and Poetical Quotations by H. W. Dulcken, Ph. D.)

QUARTO, BOUND IN CLOTH, GILT SIDES AND EDGES. PRICE SIXTEEN RUPEES.

S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

[FIFTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.]

NOW READY.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1880.

Printed and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

The Publication for 1880 contains

BEAUTIFULLY EXECUTED LITHOGRAPHS

OF THE

PRINCIPAL PUBLIC BUILDINGS

IN

BOMBAY,

THE CAVES OF ELEPHANTA,

THE QUEEN'S AND PRINCE OF WALES'S STATUE, &c.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; WITH POSTAGE, Rs. 5-4; ENGLISH PRICE—Ten Shillings.

The "Guide" contains an increased amount of local and general information, corrected to the latest practicable date; while the whole contents of the work are carefully revised and re-arranged, and made as correct and trustworthy as possible.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

PROPRIETOR.....Mr. C. S. NAZIR.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THIS EVENING, AT 9 O'CLOCK,

Mr. Tom Taylor's Comedy in 3 Acts,

STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.

Mr. Potter	Mr. A. B. Tapping.
Captain Hawksley	Mr. C. Cartwright.
John Mildmay	Mr. H. R. Teesdale.
Dunbilk	Mr. J. S. Hewitt.
Gimlet	Mr. S. Stevier.
Josop	Mr. Carlyon.
Mrs. Mildmay	Miss Gertrude Doré.
Mrs. Hector Sternhold	Miss Edith Wilson.

GUESTS.

"PLOT AND PASSION" ON WEDNESDAY.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 8	Rs.	32
Private Box to admit 4	,,	16
Orchestra Stall	,,	4
Stall	,,	3
Pit	,,	2
Back Seat	,,	1

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price to Back Seats.

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Rampart Row.

Doors open at 8-30; performance commences at 9.

Stage Manager..... Mr. H. R. TEESDALE.
Musical Director..... Mr. A. J. LEVEY.

COMMISSARIAT.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at 1 p. m., in February next, at the Executive Commissariat Offices marginally noted and on the dates fixed against each for contracts as specified for 1880

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 12, 1880.

THERE is nothing whatever in the subscription telegram from London of Saturday's date which we have not already noticed.

Business here to-day has been considerably restricted by a large number of the native dealers declining to operate, owing to the death of Jeevanlaljee Maharaj. The meeting respecting the alteration of Mail day has also occupied attention during the afternoon.

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes :—

Public Deposits at H. O.	Dec.	Rs.	4,77,557
Do. Branches	Dec.	,,	96,506
Other Deposits	Dec.	,,	3,91,449
Government Securities	Inc.	,,	650
Loans	Inc.	,,	5,28,721
Bills Discounted	Dec.	,,	6,93,980
Cash with Correspondents	Inc.	,,	2,17,132
Cash and Currency Notes	Inc.	,,	9,18,783

These movements are not of themselves sufficiently large to exercise any special effect on the general market, but they are not without importance as indicating that a turn has at last come in the tendency of Money. With a Cash Balance of 195 lacs there is, of course, little probability of Money actually getting dearer for some time to come, but we must look for each weekly return showing a further movement in that direction.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened with a very steady appearance, and Bank Bills advanced a partial 1-32nd on Saturday's closing quotations; but with Silver unchanged at home, quiet reports from Calcutta, and only a limited amount of private paper coming here, the tendency in the afternoon has been, if anything, the turn easier, and no further movement in rates has taken place. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand		1s. 8 3-16d.	per Rupee
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 8 5-16d.	,,
Credits	3 ,, ,,	1s. 8 7-16d.	,,
Documents	3 ,, ,,	1s. 8¼d.	,,
France	3 ,, ,,	2·15	,,

On Calcutta we still quote 1-16 per cent. premium and ¼ per cent. discount, for demand and 60 days' sight drafts respectively.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been very quiet with next to nothing doing. We quote :—Fours, Rs. 92½ ; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 101½.

The SHARE MARKET has been very slack, and few transactions are reported. Bank of Bombays are unchanged Rs. 696½, and the only movement of any kind reported is an advance of Rs. 5 per share in Manockjee Petit Spinning.

COTTON to-day has been particularly dull. The bulk of the native dealers have refrained from business as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mahraj Jeevanlaljee ; and European sellers continue to ask previous prices, which buyers, in the face of weaker accounts, from home, decline to pay.

SEEDS are dull at unchanged values.

FREIGHTS for Liverpool by steam are weak at from 32s. 6d. to 37s. 6d. according to time of shipment ; but for other ports there is no change, Genoa and Marseilles and Trieste and Venice still standing at 42s. 6d. payable here.

PIECE GOODS in the bazaar continue firm. Prices are not perhaps quotably higher, but there are ready buyers at current rates, and the clearances amount to about 300 packages per day. To arrive transactions continue comparitively limited.

Local Yarns are in very active demand at a further improvement of ¼ anna per lb.

COALS continue very steady. Buyers are not numerous, and we have not heard of any fresh business from first hands to-day, but there are practically no sellers to arrive at present prices.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Name.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Div. declared.	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p. ct	124
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	740
Bank of Bombay	30,000	500	all	5 do	696½
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	640
National Bank of India	37,320	425	212-10	6 do	103

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alfred Manufacturing Co.	1,000	500	all	Rs. 15	400	
Alliance Spinning	500	2,500	all	30 p. s.	1,300	
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	80,000	100	10	Nil	58	
Bhowanipur Land and P. Company	300	2,000	2,000	do	300	
Bombay United	800	1,000	all	25	720	
Coorla S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	600	
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	all	do	565	
Dharumsey Spinning	5,000	2,000	all	do	210	
Empress S. and W. Co.	700	500	all	do	390	
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	25	815	
Hindustan S. and W. Co.	877	1,000	all	60	810	
Hydrabad S. and W. Co.	700	1,000	2 00	Nil	525	
Jowra Ballco Mills	750	1,000	all	do	490	
Khandeish Spinning	750	1,000	all	Rs. 30	890	
K. Mucomjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	475	
Madras Spining	300	1,125	all	do	350	
Madras U. Spining	42	1,000	all	50 p. s.	1,290	
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co	80,000	50	50	Nil	7	
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	30 p. s.	1,080	
Morarjee Spinning	1,043	1,000	all	40 p. s.	825	
Muncherji and Y. Co.	2,000	5,000	..	Nil	70	
National S. and W. Co. of India	950	1,000	all	40 p. s.	650	
Oriental	4,000	625	all	15	535	
Princeof Wales Spinning	600	1,350	all	Nil	80	
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	all	do	675	
Soondercabe Spinning	650	1,000	all	do	600	
Do do. ½ Share	500	1,000	25*	do	120	
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	30	720	
Victoria Mills	510	1,000	all	Nil	475	

* Per Share for the half-year

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	Nil		
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	2,250	415	all	do		
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company	2,000	300	all	do		
Broach Mills	..	..	..	..		
Carwar Co.	1,000	1,500	all	75 do		50 ml.
Colaba S. and W. Co.	900	1,000	all	do		
Fleming S. and W. Co.	3,750	500	all	do		
Mandvie S. and W. Co.	1,200	500	all	do		
Meriug S. and W. Co.	..	..	..	..		
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	800	2,000	all	do		
Nursey S. and W. Co.	2,500	400	all	do		

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New). Prem Land and Pier Co., Limited	4,000	3,000	all	15 pa*	925
Massgon Land	7,500	150		4 p.a.	116
Port Canning Land Company, Limited	1,750	2 000	1,000	20 p.a	350
	6,000	1,400		15 p.	177½

* Per Share for the half-year.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co.	150	5,000	28,500	150 p.s.	850
Albert Kurrachee Co.	200	2,000	1,100	125 do	980
Alber Ginning Co.	100	500	all	40	500
Apollo Press Co.	750	2,750	1,200	33 p.s.	640
Bellary	178	1,000	all	25	470
Bezar Company (New)	155	500	all	50 p.s.	425
Indian Press Co.	1,000	350	all	14 do	100
Broach Cotton Co.	400	250	all	10 do	38
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	all	30 do	350
Dholleru P. & G. Co.	400	500	all	18 do	120
East India Press Co.	883	1,000	all	100 do	1,000
Fort Press Co.	50	8,500	1,250	50 do	950
French Press Co.	800	500	all	50 do	440
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.	125	400	all	30 do	220
Prince of W. Press	120	..	1,500	250 do	165
Sassoon's Press Co.	600	400	all	25 do	225
ind Press Co.	400	850	750	0 do	430
Hind & Punjab Cotton Press Co., Ld.	100	1,000	925	125 do	1,100 xd.
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	50½	500
Volkart's United Press Co.	150	1,800	1,000	50 p.s.	510

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20 218·8	5 p. ct	305
Do New £20 shares	..	£20 130·14·6	do	36
Ditto	..	£20 65·7·3	do	73
Ditto	..	£20 31·19·1	do	32
B B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100 1,000	do	1,103
Ditto New Shares	..	£18 196·5·15	do	365

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225 p.s.	1,725	
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	150	10,000	2,000	250p. s.	2,700	
Bombay Gas Company	50,000	50	all	7½ p. ct	58	
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited	1250	100	100	10 p. s.	110	
Bombay Saw Mills Co.	600	1,000	all	70 p. s.	500	
Landing and Shipping Co. of Kurrachee, Ld.	..	500	300	36 p. s.	340	
Malabar Company, Ld.	1,000	200	100	7½ p. ct	12	
Mechanical Buildings Co.	2,000	500	all	p. s.	16	
Mofussil Debenture	1,000	300	300	..	311	
Prince of Wales Insurance Company	250	8,000	1,000	36 p. s.	900	
Thacker and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	10 p.ct.	118	
Thrasher and Co.	1,000	500	all	62½ p.s.	700	
Tingna Patent Slip Co.	1,000	250	all	6 p.ct.	150	

BANK OF BOMBAY.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay on the 10th January as compared with the statement issued on the 3rd January :—

LIABILITIES	3rd Jan. Rs.	10th Jan. Rs.
Proprietors' Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund, invested in Government Securities	22,00,000	22,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	41,06,330	36,28,763
Do do. at Branches	12,86,114	11,65,612
Other Deposits	2,16,16,918	2,12,24,469
Post Bills	9,705	9,417
Cash Credits, undrawn	4,44,849	5,81,014
	3,96,41,901	3,88,12,275

ASSETS.		
Government Securities	30,47,545	30,48,195
Cash Credits, on Security of Government Paper, Bullion, and Merchandise	13,25,084	13,63,563
Loans on Security of do.	52,85,138	58,14,052
Current Accounts, overdrawn	3,373	1,916
Bills Discounted	87,35,666	80,31,726
Stamps	2,950	2,982
Dead Stock Rs. 5,43,431		
Amount applied in reduction 2,05,000	3,38,431	3,38,431
Bullion	66,000	66,000
Cash Balances with Correspondents	3,62,117	5,79,249
Cash and Currency Notes	2,04,84,897	1,95,66,144
	3,96,41,901	3,88,12,275

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE AMERICAN MAN-OF-WAR TICONDEROGA, 2,200 tons, Captain B. J. Cromwell, sailed yesterday for Ceylon and China.

THE STEAMER JENNY OTTO, 941 tons, Captain G. R. Purvis, will sail to-day for Genoa and Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE SHIP FRANCONIA, 1,432 tons, Captain W. M. Otis, which arrived in harbour on the 11th inst. from Liverpool (1st Sept.), brought a cargo of 2,051 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE S. S. TUNIS, 886 tons, Captain J. Irvine, which arrived in harbour on the 11th inst., from Liverpool (5th Dec.), brought a cargo of 1,311 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

THE BARQUE ST. AIGUAN, 310 tons, Captain P. Huebet, which arrived in harbour on the 10th inst, from Bordeaux (11th August), brought the following cargo :—6 cases ether, 13 cases sardine, 38 cases vinegar, 497 cases claret, 4,654 cases brandy, and 125 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. ETHIOPIA, 1,314 tons, Captain J. W. Wicks, which arrived in harbour on the 11th inst., from Coast and Calcutta, brought a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs. Wicks, Rev. Mr. J. Fager, Mr. Fager, Captain Sawyer, Col. Fairbrother, Mrs. Goodfellow, one second class, and 38 deck. The same Co.'s s. s. Sirdhana, 2,062 tons, Captain Robert W. Ker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, via Colombo, Galle and Allepey, with a general cargo.

THE BARQUE REGENT MURRAY, 818 tons, Captain D. Gray, which arrived in harbour on the 10th inst., from London (10th Sept.), brought the following cargo :—21 packages tacks, 1,827 packages steel, 45 tons iron spring, 331 cases matches, 296 packages glass ware, 4 packages piece goods, 251 cases glass, 73 kegs nails, 13,807 bars iron, 1,553 bundles iron, 320 cases slate pencils, 558 cases window glass, 2,966 plates spelter, 164 casks tar, 110 casks pitch, 13 cases wine, 844 cases oilmanstores, 114 packages earthenware, 205 packages papers, 22 cases soap, 446 packages colours and paints, 225 casks cement, 12 numbers and 6 casks iron chain, 20 cases biscuits, 68 numbers anchor, 4 cases pianoforte, 227 casks beer, 425 cases candles, 5 casks paints, 10 kegs whitting, 80 drums turpentine, 1,303 cases gin, 50 tons chalk 616 drums oil, 1,188 packages gunpowder, 50 casks disinfecting powder, 24 numbers mill stones, 400 cases brandy, 112 packages iron ware and toys, 2 package buckets, 7 packages cups, 51 cases whiskey, 50 cases provisions, and some packages merchandize. The vessel is consigned to Mr. Joseph Soares.

ARRIVAL.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
12	Sirdhana (s)	Ker	Calcutta, Dec 27.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
11	Vingoria (s)	Stewart	K. Coast & Kurrachee.
	Ticonderoga (s)	Cromwell	Ceylon and China.

The steamer Jenny Otto, Purvis, to Genoa and Marseilles, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—Steamer Ganges, to Liverpool.
Steamer Ethiopia, to Coast and Calcutta.
Steamer Pattialla, to P. Gulf via Kurrachee.
Barque Futhe Rehemani, to Mozambique.

SHIP SPOKEN.

By P. and O. s. s. Sirdhana—On January 8th, thirty miles north of Cape Comorin. P. and O. s. s. Adria, standing to the Sd., requested to be reported "all well."

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.
8 Star of Erin ..... Coulter ..... London, Sept 22.
W. H. Corsar ..... Courtenay ... Liverpool.
W. D. Lawrence ..... Ellis ..... Bombay, Dec 8.
Silhet ..... Tash ..... London, Sept 20.
Lightning ..... Greeves ..... Demerara, Sept 5.
9 Maharaja (s) ..... Kennett ..... Bombay, Dec 20.
Evesham Abbey ..... Cowie ..... Liverpool, Oct 7.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 8.—Steamers Reliance, Sir John Lawrence, and Discoverer and a French Barque (showed J M E S).

PASSENGERS.

Per Silhet—Mrs D Tash.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

By Star of Erin—City of Brussels and Jorawar.
By W H Corsar—Barque City of Manchester.
Ship Berkshire—Reports all well, in ship Eaton Hall.
Barque Ravenscliffe—November 10th, 1879—In lat. 32-34 South, and Long 20-21 West, during a heavy squall from the N W the bowsprit was carried away.
November 21st, 1879—In Lat 39-34 South, Long 17-50 East, during a hurricane the vessel hove to. The Carpenter, John McDonald, was washed overboard from the forecastle head while attempting, with the chief officer and others, to secure the jury bowsprit in, and was drowned.
December 3rd, 1879—Spoke Ship Baron Colonsay, London to Calcutta, 56 Days out, Lat 39 South, Long 66-47 East.
December 29th, 1879.—Spoke Ship Argonaut London to Calcutta, 84 days out Lat 5 59 N Long 93-45 East.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.
10 Hetty (s) .... Newcastle.
Oriental (s) .... Bombay and S P.
Cuina (s) .... Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.
9 Australia (s) .... Southampton.
10 Adela .... Marseilles.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 12.

FROM LONDON.

Overdale—33 casks dry whitting and 20 cases lamp blocks Adomjee Jewanjee.
Surat s—3 cases dye, Nagindass Motichund ; 29 boxes bar silver, (Rs. 70,000), The C M Bank of I L and China.
Flamingo—12 cases quinine, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Nizam s—2 cases quinine, Rogers and Co.
Teheran s—12 cases champagne, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Surat s—23 bales printing paper, M Mondalfo and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

John C Porter—100 bales cotton waste, Farnham and Co.
Teviot s—11 bales cotton wast, Manoredass Hurkha ; 50 bales wool, Gordhundass Bhugwandass ; 195 bales wool, Jairam Sewjee ; 50 bales wool and 100 bales cotton, Govindram Dwarkadass ; 2 bales cotton, Jairam Dayal, 50 bales cotton. Ruttonay Velijee ; 13 bales cotton, John Marshall ; 82 bales cotton, Tricomjee Mooljee ; 125 bales hemp, Bhugwandass Purshotumdass.
Ganges s—150 casts coir yarn, Hajee Talub Arbee ; 390 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 600 cwts linseed, Nusserwanjee Manuckjee and Co ; 2373 cwts rapeseed and 1873 cwts myrobalans, Nupoo Nensey.

FOR GENOA.

Jenny Otto s—100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Sigg, Sulzer and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Surat s—2,000 cwts castor seed, 37½ cwts mustered seed and 200 bales cotton, Knoop and Co ; 300 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.
Vorwaerts s—100 bales cotton, Kunkler, Singer and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Jenny Otto s—1 bale cotton, Kunkler, Singer and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Surat s—190 bales cotton, Knoop and Co ; 800 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.
Vorwaert s—150 bales cotton, Feel, Cassels and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Sigg, Sulzer and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Vorwaerts s—3 pots rose oil, 1 M Mitree ; 5 pots coolfe, 2 pots sandalwood, 11 pots rosa oils, and 2 cwts cardamoms, Lalloobhoy Moolchund ; 7 pots rosa oil, Woomerbhoy Chundabhoy ; 100 cwts sapanwood, Aga Syed Mirza.
Zambesi—171 cwts cloves, 51 cwts pepper, 45 cwts coffee, 25 cwts turmeric and 51 cwts dry ginger, Aga Syed Mirza ; 87 packages silk, Hajee Ally Babany.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Vorwaert's—13 cwts dry ginger, Esseo Saloon ; 11 pots rose oil, H Mahamed Ebrem and Mahamed Jaffer.

FOR HONGKONG.

Thibet—25 bales twist, M S Gubbay and Co ; 444 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co ; 67 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 65 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Thibet s—8 chests opium, M S Gubbay and Co.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

1247 Ganges (s), Baker—Murwanjee Nusserwanjee.
1244 John C Potter, McClive—Farnham and Co.
1252 Teviot (s), Nisbett—McCulloch, Beyts & Co.

FOR GENOA AND MARSEILLES.

941 Jenny Atto (s), Parris—McCulloch, Beyts & Co.

FOR VENICE.

1529 Surat (s), Breeze—P. and O. Co.
1540 Zambesi (s), Symons—P. and O. Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

1316 Vorwaerts (s), Marussig—A. H. Lloyd and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

1671 Thibet (s), Torback—P. & O. Co.

NOT FIXED.

255 Africa, Hegeistein—Tharia Toppun.
774 Alfonzo, Robinson—Sir C. Forbes & Co.
815 Ardenconnell, Jane—Rogers & Co.
1081 Barbara, Prichard—N. Manuckjee & Co.
738 Countess of Kintore, Edward—The Captain.
1291 County of Cardigan, Hughes—The Captain.
999 County of Lancaster, Parkhouse—Finlay, Muir and Co.
999 Dewsbury, Hunt—The Captain.
1432 Franconia, Otis—The Captain.
125 Golconda (s), Seaton—P. and O. Co.
1451 Italia (s), Knox—W and A. Graham and Co.
1205 Kepler (s), Lascelles—The Captain.
866 Lady Melville, Hansard—Sir C Forbes and Co.
1268 Lady Cairns, Carnell—R. Stuart & Co.
994 Lakefield, Jones—W. M. Macaulay & Co.
882 Overdale, Holdich—W. M. Macaulay & Co.
843 Rendoglu, Keen—H. Jukuria H. Mahamed.
1287 Regent, Wardwell—The Captain.
815 Regent Murray, Gray—Joseph Soares and Co.
1234 Savernake, Pritchard—Owen and Okell.
1436 Sierra Colomia, Willdridge—Remington & Co.
892 Skimmer of the Waves, Lukey—Woomer Jacob.
313 St Aignan, Hubet—N Ardaseer and Sons.
886 Tunis (s), Irvine—The Captain.
1356 Vingates (s), Purvis—The Captain.

ROYAL NAVY AND BOMBAY MARINE.

874 Abyssinia (s), A. Barrett—(Harbour Defences.)
597 Amherwitch (s).
1531 Kwangtung s).—(I G S)
1107 Magdala (s), A. Barrett—(Harbour Defences.)
300 May Frere (s), Rear—(I. G. S.)
4173 Malabar (s), Grant—(Troopship).
2162 Ruby (s), Molyneux—(Man of-War).
747 Vulture (s), Eliot.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 11.

Eaton, Surg, on duty, from Maligaum.
Fairbrother, Col, 23rd Bombay N I, on leave, from Belgaum.
Davis, Lieut Col, 29th Regt, on leave, from Mhow.
Hansard, Lieut, R A, on leave, from Deolaleo.
Fox, Lieut, 28th Bombay N I, on duty, to Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 12.

Goldsmith, Vet Surgn, on duty, to Umballa.
McNair, 2nd Lieut, 25th Regt, on duty, to Dinapore.
Wood, 2nd Lieut, 24th Regt, on duty, to Ranikhet.
Smith, Vet Surgn, on duty, to Secundrabad.
Fox, Lieut, 28th Bombay N I, on duty, to Surat.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 12th January, 1880.

1 No 1078 Vol E Devine having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to D Company.
2 The Fort Companies will parade at 8-30 a.m. on Wednesday 14th inst, near the Oval.

By Order,
F. STOKES,
Captain and Adjutant, Bombay V. R. C's

CALENDAR FOR JANUARY 1880.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

First Quarter ..... 19th, 11h. 39·5m., A.M.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H.-M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Jan. Tues. 13	.....	6 38	5 40	0 18 m	6 25 m
				0 17 a	6 14 a
Wed. 14	English Mail expected.	6 38	5 40	0 56 m	7 3 m
				1 4 a	6 55 a
Th. 15	.....	6 38	5 41	1 36 m	7 47 m
				1 48 a	7 38 a
Fri. 16	.....	6 38	5 42	2 12 m	8 32 m
				2 34 a	8 15 a
Sat. 17	.....	6 38	5 42	2 45 m	9 9 m
				3 20 a	8 59 a
Sun. 18	2nd Sunday after Epiphany.	6 38	5 43	3 20 m	9 55 m
				4 11 a	9 45 a
Mon. 19	.....	6 38	5 43	3 57 m	10 43 m
				5 10 a	10 34 a

BANDMASTER WANTED—Portuguese preferred, Apply Commandant 1st Sind Horse, Jacobabad.

THE OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

Encouraged by the success which has attended the OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE, since its establishment over a quarter of a century ago, the Proprietor contemplates, on and after the 3rd of January next, introducing one or two alterations and improvements both in the form and matter of that journal which cannot fail to make it even more acceptable than it has hitherto been, and open up for it a much more extended and numerous constituency.

Hitherto Anglo-Indians desirous of being kept well-informed on matters of purely European interest have been compelled to subscribe to one or other of the London papers compiled for foreign circulation. These, it is not too much to say, only very partially supply the want, as, for the greater part, these journals are compiled without any idea of the wants of those to whom they appeal.

The OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE is necessarily compiled mainly for transmission to Europe and contains Indian news only. A Weekly Edition of the GAZETTE, containing not only the Indian but the latest English news received by the telegraph and the mail will, it is considered, meet the requirements of residents in India who desire a good weekly paper. From the 1st January the SUMMARY issued to Indian Subscribers will be much enlarged and improved, and named, for the sake of distinction,

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE WEEKLY BUDGET.

The OVERLAND SUMMARY will also be considerably improved, but it will be distinct from the WEEKLY BUDGET, which, from its size, cannot be transmitted to England unless double postage be paid.

In the BOMBAY GAZETTE WEEKLY BUDGET will be given all the Indian news to be found in the OVERLAND SUMMARY. In addition it will contain careful and judicious extracts from the principal daily, weekly, and monthly English publications ; all the important telegraphic news received from Europe during the week ; notices of all the more important events, and careful condensations of reports of the proceedings of both Houses of Parliament, as well as of the various learned Societies, in which so many Anglo-Indians are interested.

The Army and Navy Lists from the *London Gazette*, a specially written review of the Money Market, an interesting and comprehensive Political and Social Letter from London, a reliable Commercial Letter, and full and correct Shipping Reports will also form prominent features in the WEEKLY BUDGET for readers in India in its improved and enlarged shape.

As the position of our forces at present in Afghanistan and elsewhere can often be more fully understood when illustrated by PLANS OR DIAGRAMS, these shall be published whenever necessity may seem to require them.

The price of the Paper will remain unchanged ; and the Proprietor entertains the hope that with the Mofussil Supplement of English news the WEEKLY BUDGET may attain that position in India, which the OVERLAND SUMMARY has for so many years enjoyed in England.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the BALL to be given at Government House on the 23rd January, 1880, the GARDEN PARTY will not take place on that date.

ARTHUR W. PLANT, Lieut., R. A., A. D. C. to H. E. the Governor.
Government House, Malabar Point, 8th January, 1880.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,
OF HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY,
AND
EAST STREET, POONA,

HAVE the pleasure of announcing that Mr. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has APPOINTED them AGENTS for the SALE of his CELEBRATED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, &c., &c.

The reason they have for accepting the Agency is as follows :—

Having tried to procure, regardless of expense, in all the CHIEF TOWNS OF ENGLAND AND ALL LARGE CITIES, Pebbles and Frames equal to those produced by Mr. MENIST, AND HAVE TOTALLY FAILED TO APPROACH THEM.

One of the chief essentials in good Spectacles is to place the Pebbles before the eyes in a proper position and at a proper distance according to the particular defect of sight being treated. Ill-made and loosely jointed frames, by causing a displacement of the Pebbles, entirely alter their focal power, and so injure the eyes, for this reason Mr. Menist makes his frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found by experience the best adapted metals for the purpose, possessing the necessary temper, without being liable to oxydise in use. Steel Frames he does not make, considering that they are not calculated to do justice to his Pebbles, and his object being to secure, as nearly as possible, perfection, not cheapness, though in a climate like India, it is doubtful if there would be any economy in Steel, as it corrodes so quickly and has to be renewed so often, to say nothing of the discomfort and injury to the sight. Aluminium cannot be used, because it stains the skin by contact, leaving a black mark that will not wash out.

His Non-Pressure Eye-glasses are so well made that you may twist the Spring in any direction without breaking it, neither is there the slightest pressure when wearing, nor the least mark remaining when removed.

His 12-LENSE DUCHESSE, all in Aluminium, are as powerful as Field-Glasses and are all Achromatic.

His Field, Marine, and Opera-Glasses may be used for hours without causing the eye to ache.

Messrs. M. and Co. have made arrangements to receive their patients in a PRIVATE ROOM, it being hardly possible to test and suit the eye sight without such convenience. Mr. Menist has left them instruments, which enables them to test each eye separately, it being frequently the case that one eye requires a different accomodation to the other, as well in magnifying as diminishing powers. Messrs. M. and Co. have received valuable information from Mr. Menist, by which to suit the eyesight.

Pamphlets can be had on application.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATH.

ERSKINE—December 27th, at Teignmouth, Devon, Blanche, wife of Major George Elphinstone Erskine, 1st Bombay Light Cavalry (Lancers).

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

HOTHAM—January 8th, at Bangalore, Captain John Hotham 36th M. N. I., eldest son of the late Rev. Edwin Hotham and grandson of the late Admiral Sir William Hotham, G. C. B., aged 38.

LESTER—January 12th, at Bombay, Mary Ann, the beloved wife of Mr. Alexander Lester, Custodian, Town Hall, aged 48 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BULLOCK—December 26th, at Dharmsala, the wife of F. D'O Bullock, Esq., of a daughter.
WALTON—January 6th, at Madhanapalle, the wife of Mr. W. A. Walton, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BAGSHAWE—MOLLOY—January 3rd, at Chukrata, Cecil Bagshawe to Katharine Molloy.
HUDSON—ROPENRODE—December 31st, at Shillong, Laura Emma, daughter of W. C. Ropenrode, of Shillong, to William Robinson, son of C. K. Hudson, of Sylhet.

DEATHS.

COLE—January 6th, at Meerut, Pauline Eliza, wife of Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Cole, Mysore Commission.
LEWIS—January 8th, Mary Eliza, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Lewis, aged 2 years.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1880.

THE public of Bombay have not been long in accepting the challenge of the Press Commissioner for a strong general expression of opinion in favour of a change in the time of departure of the mail steamers. The Saturday noon departure was recommended by the Chamber of Commerce under the belief that it accorded with the views of Calcutta ; it was clearly against the interests of people at home. Mid-day departure must be a great inconvenience to outgoing passengers, as it necessitates embarking in the heat of the day ; and, in the case of those from up-country arriving on the day of departure, no time is allowed for necessary arrangements before leaving. In asking for the adoption of Friday evening as the time for the steamers to leave this port, the Bombay public have asked for an arrangement which will give convenient days for mail work both in Calcutta and Madras, and will help to remove the great inconvenience which must be experienced by those at home under the present system by which the India and Eastern mail arrives in the middle of the very day of the week given to the work of the outgoing mail. The meeting yesterday was a very influential one ; the chair was taken by the Hon. Mr. Mowat ; the adoption of the Memorial was proposed by the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley, who, as Major of the Volunteer Rifle Corps, appreciates the serious blow the movement would receive, if those who have joined the corps are deprived of their Saturday half holiday, the only convenient time for parade. The proposition was seconded by the Hon. Mr. Balfour, who represents the banking and mercantile community—the great sufferers by the Saturday departure which deprives them of the opportunity of getting away from Bombay for a Saturday's rest during the hot weather or the rains. The proposition was also supported by speeches from Mr. Bythell and Mr. Maclean, and was carried unanimously. It was resolved to ask His Excellency the Governor to forward the memorial to the Viceroy, and to support the views of the meeting.

IN turning over the compilations and files connected with the administration of the Bombay Army for the past year, the reader will find but little subject-matter of importance to attract attention. Flatness, staleness, and general unprofitableness now seem to pervade those weekly periodicals which were anxiously looked forward to and eagerly scanned by the many recipients who now may chance to take them in hand. The various topics touched lose, considerably, from being presented as a whole, but they are not on that account without their lesson. Symptoms of progress appear in many different shapes. Discipline, for instance, has not lost ground. The record of General Courts-Martial, in the European service, shows that only four of these tribunals have been resorted to. The alteration of the regimental canteen rules has, no doubt, caused the perceptible decrease of drunkenness. Since the price of rum has been increased, the taste for it has proportionately diminished, and experience already shows that the withdrawal of time limits together with the almost unrestricted permission to obtain malt liquor at will, has a salutary effect on the most thirsty old soldiers. The chronic partiality for some form or other of alcoholic drink is still the particular propensity of the rank and file of the British Army. We would submit that ardent spirits need now no longer be supplied to the canteens of regiments in cantonments. At home malt liquor is alone provided, and surely in India, where there is more cause for habitual weakness, the temptation to inebriety, so destructive to *physique*, should be diminished as much as possible. While on the subject of canteens, we may remark that it would be a great economy to the State, and a corresponding relief to the Commissariat Department, if the home system of supplying canteens under regimental arrangements was brough into force in this country. Again, in the interests of a discipline, we would urge that recreation-rooms be made more attractive. These institutions might be greatly enlarged to the benefit of those wh

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

DESTRUCTION OF MIR BUTCHA'S TOWERS.

FURTHER FIGHTING ANTICIPATED.

THE LOOTING OF THE CITY QUARTER BY THE INSURGENTS.

MAHOMED JAN IN GHAZNI.

KABUL, VIÂ GANDAMAK, JAN. 11.

KABUL, Jan. 5.—During the past ten days not a single shot has been fired. Everything has settled down into its former state of tranquillity.

General Baker went out and destroyed the towers of Mir Butcha's village, together with his vineyards, without opposition. The strength of these forts was enormous; they gave much trouble when General Sale destroyed them in 1840. On returning, General Baker brought in with him many sirdars and headmen as hostages.

The insurgents, I hear, talk very big, saying that when their guns arrive they will pay us another visit. There are about fifty-six guns altogether in various places in Afghanistan. The insurgents hope to get up sixteen guns, and return early in March, when everybody expects further fighting. The city and Kizzilbash quarter they completely looted. The damage done to the shops and bazaar is simply beyond conception. The people naturally are very indignant, both with them and us also, for not defending them. However we had enough to do to look after ourselves.

The Sherpur communications with India are again firmly established, a regiment being stationed at almost every stage to Gandamak. The enemy during the investment intercepted nearly all the private special daks. Of the nine letters sent to the Lattabund Brigade only two arrived.

Some men have died of pneumonia, owing to the heavy night work. Snow has almost entirely disappeared, but another downpour is expected in a few days.

Several men have been hanged; one, they say, being the man who cut down Mr. Jenkyns, C. S.

The Bala Hissar is now occupied by General Charles Gough's Brigade.

The 14th Bengal Lancers and 12th Bengal Cavalry are going to Jallalabad for the winter, being short of fodder.

All the wives of the Sirdars who were well disposed to the British and fell into the insurgents, hands were stripped naked, but not further dishonoured.

The late events, and the fact of our having to remain solely on the defensive has, I fancy, considerably changed the political aspect of affairs.

All villages within one thousand five hundred yards of Sherpur are now rapidly being destroyed.

The casualties of the enemy in the ten days fighting amounted to about two thousand five hundred killed and wounded. Had it not been for a deficiency of ammunition on our part they would have suffered more.

REPORTED GATHERING OF GHAZIS IN THE LOGAR DISTRICT.

OCCUPATION OF THE FORT OF GHAZNI BY MAHOMED JAN.

ALLAHABAD, KUTTRA, JAN. 12.

KABUL, Jan. 9.—Information has been received that the Ghazis are collecting in considerable numbers in the Logar district. This is hardly possible, the Logar Malliks having come in.

Mahomed Jan, with a strong force, has surrounded the fort of Ghazni and killed Latif Khan, commanding. He has looted five thousand kharwars of grain. He has ten twelve-pounder guns and is collecting revenue from the people. Musa Khan, son of Yakoob Khan, is with him. Two days ago he sent a letter to Turkestan, urging the people to join him. At Charekar two or three thousand men have been collecting under Eshan, son of Syed Murtaza, who, with Abdul Karim Khan, are acting under Mahomed Jan's orders in raising a force at Kohistan. Mushkialam, in consequence of the behaviour of whose troops in looting the city, has severed his connection with Mahomed Jan. Numbers of headmen have recently come in and report that Mahomed Jan will have great difficulty in inducing the tribes to make a second attack. Mushkiallam will have nothing to do with it.

The destruction of buildings in the Residency and the lower part of the Bala Hissar is proceeding.

The Bala Hissar will be strengthened, and a fort built, most probably on the upper hill commanding the city.

GANDAMAK, Jan. 9.—The telegraph wire has been cut near here two or three times lately by the marauders.

Khilluts will be presented at Gandamak by General Arbuthnot to the Khugianee Chiefs, in acknowledgment of their late friendly attitude.

Telegraphic communication with Kabul was opened yesterday.

Large convoys are being despatched to Kabul under strong escort.

Yakub Khan's wife and mother arrive here to-morrow, with other female prisoners, escorted by the 14th Bengal Lancers.

Attempts are being made at Gandamak to re-establish friendly relations with the Hisarak Chiefs, Mazaoolla Khan and Mahomed Shah Khan, whose situation near our line of communication between Gandamak and Kabul renders co-operation more or less important.

To-day three or four hundred Chiefs and Malliks of tribesmen of the Shezzard and Karboona branches of the Khugianee clans, who came in to pay their respects, were presented to General Arbuthnot by the Political Officer. After the distribution of *khilluts* they were addressed to the effect that it would be more profitable for them to return to the side of order than create disturbance and incur inevitable penalties.

Moveable columns and independent garrions at chief posts are talked of, and they are much needed.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

GATHERING OF MOHMUNDS.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 12.

The gathering of the Mohmunds at Palosi continues.

The headmen of the Sherzad and Kharbun Khugianis were received in Darbar by General Arbuthnot on the 9th. Some 400 to 500 Chiefs and Maliks attended.

Rumours of a hostile body collecting near Ghazni have reached Kabul, but require confirmation.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE RUSSIAN BUDGET.

ST. PETERSBURG, JAN. 11.

The Russian Budget for the year 1880 shows that the revenue and expenditure are equal. The War and Naval budgets are, however, increased by eleven millions of roubles.

The *Golos* recommends the gradual cession of Kuldja in order to avoid disturbances on the frontier.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

The *Times* of to-day in a leading article announces that the ill feeling which has lately existed between Germany and Russia continues and adds that Germany is suspicious of France.

The *Times* urges that a settlement of the Afghan question should be arrived at, so as to leave England free in the European questions.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JAN. 9.

The Hall Line steamer Branksome Hall left this for Bombay at 3 p.m. to-day.

ADEN, JAN. 11.

The Italian Mail steamer Sumatra, Captain E. Boselli, left this for Bombay to-day.

PORT SAID, JAN. 12.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Agra, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left yesterday.

LONDON, JAN. 10.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed with supplies freely offered. Surats unchanged.

Fair Dhollera	5⅞
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	77½
4½ do. do.	85½
3 per cent. Consols for account	97⅜
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872	116½
Bar Silver	52⅜

STEAMER REPORT.

GALLE, 12, 7-50 A. M.

Mail steamer Australia from Calcutta arrived.

AT yesterday's meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik was re-elected with acclamation Chairman of that body for the current year. Dr. Pirkerton, in proposing the motion for re-election, said that the Rao Saheb had discharged his duties as their Chairman with "great urbanity, suavity, and in a business-like manner," and he thought that none of his predecessors had deserved the confidence of the Corporation more than Mr. Mandlik had deserved it. Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, in seconding the motion, remarked that Mr. Mandlik had, in his opinion, discharged his duties with "ability, independence, and perfect impartiality" in matters affecting various interests. The Rao Saheb, in tendering his acknowledgments, said it would be his endeavour to deserve the confidence of the Corporation in the future as it had been in the past.

MRS. GREEN (wife of Mr. Justice Green, who is still suffering from a paralytic seizure,) left Rome on the 5th inst. and is expected to arrive here by the Rubattino Company's mail steamer about the 24th inst.

THE difficulty raised, on the score of increased stamp duty, in the way of the gentlemen who have come to Bombay for the purpose of joining two of the local firms of solicitors, has been got over; and one of them, Mr. G. W. Roughton, who joins the firm of Messrs. Lynch and Tobin, has already been sworn in before Mr. Justice Marriott, as a solicitor of the High Court.

THE following telegram appears in the *Englishman*:—Neechee Guard through Golaghat, January 9.—The patrol between Piphima and Zamba were fired on yesterday. One sepoy of the 42nd was killed. A rifle and ammunition were captured; another man was wounded. Saloji, with 100 men, is said to be making his way to this post. A fire was seen in the direction of Cheswejuma—a village which is supposed to be burnt. The telegraph is being extended to Samaguting.

A CORRESPONDENT sends to the Lahore paper the following observations on the practical working of the transport system:—"Each transport officer should receive telegrams from the stations immediately above and below him, stating how many camels, ponies, &c., and transport staff were to be expected the next day. On this information he should make out his indents for food, and have the grass, grain, &c., portioned out before the arrival of the animals, so that immediately their loads are taken off they can commence to feed. The present system at some stations appears to be to wait until the very last animals arrive, usually at dark, then to count them, then make out indents, then sending the starving, who arrived early and were kept waiting till the last had come in for their food, over to the commissariat yard for grass and grain. Rumour says that this grass and grain, which are supposed to be given out after dark, never reached the animals it was indented for, the grass being resold to Government the next day, and the grain in the bazaar; the illegitimate gains that some understrappers make at the expense of Government and the wretched animals is obvious. The transport department is most unpopular with the commissariat ranks, and this for three reasons:—1st.—Excessive amount of office work, which leaves him little or no time for outdoor supervision; and as his books and accounts are most minutely inspected, and his animals never, it stands to reason that the efficiency of the latter, and consequently the whole transport, is sacrificed to red tape and office routine. 2nd.—The transport is nobody's child, animals are started from the 'base' with ill-fitted saddlery, no medicines, no materials for repairs, and in charge of a rascally inefficient crew of drivers picked up anywhere, who know nothing and care less; this want of organisation at the base is heart breaking to any official interested in and willing to do his duty. 3rd.—The transport officer is underpaid. Officers for this department should be not only well paid but carefully selected, as the army is dependent on their efficient and considerate discharge of their duties. Men are actually appointed who cannot speak the language."

THE directors of the Bank of Bengal, at their meeting held on Thursday last, declared a dividend for the half year ended 31st ultimo, at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum. The nett profit available amounted to Rs. 11,66,693 which was disposed of as follows:—

In payment of a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum	Rs. 8,00,000
Transferred to Reserve Fund	,, 2,00,000
Transferred to bad and doubtful debt Account	,, 1,25,000
Carried forward to the current half-year	,, 41,693
Total	Rs. 11,66,693

WE (*Statesman*) observe that a branch line, extending for ten miles to the banks of the Hooghly, is to be constructed at once, the junction being effected at Bhuddeshur, 18 miles above Howrah. This ought to relieve the Howrah station premises of a great deal of traffic, principally of coal, as the great bulk of that article goes on board ship, and may be as conveniently put on board of cargo boats high up the river as at Howrah station. This speaks well for the enterprise of the new proprietary. The East Indian Railway, profitable as it is, would be much more so if branches were made at every point where traffic in quantity is available. Wherever these small lines have been made they have proved profitable, and the common name they bear—that of feeders—truly shows the real service they perform to the present line. The Gya branch, for instance, is doing a large traffic, and will do much more when its management is improved, and the arrangements for running are better attended to. These are exactly the places where light lines would pay, and where they ought to be laid; they should penetrate to some leading bit where large quantities of produce are usually available. The proposed line will, of course, be on the broad gauge, as the traffic will almost wholly consist of through goods in large quantities, and a break of gauge would entail breaking bulk; but on small branches, where nothing but a local feeding trade can be looked for, light rolling-stock and a slow rate of speed are all that need be arranged for.

GAS at Allahabad does not pay. The local Government appears to have pigeon-holed the scheme referred to it by the Government of India, some time ago, for an extension of the gas works. At the present moment, with no encouragement to house-owners, the scheme, in its most limited form, is a losing one; but to all appearances the fault lies in the extremely contracted and discouraging form in which it exists. It would certainly be more remunerative to the P. W. Department if the more important streets were piped, in that almost every likely house would have the advantage of utilizing the production of the works. The works were originally conceived, in connection with the new cantonments, by the Military Works Branch of the P. W. Department, but it was never intended that they should be confined to the supply of gas to cantonments and a few choice public buildings.

WE have before called attention to the forced enrolment of coollies for work in Afghanistan. The *Delhi Gazette* publishes the following little anecdote, which comes from a trustworthy source:—"On the 31st of December the mother of my chuprassee came to me in great distress to inform me that her son had just been taken away by Tehsil officials for service at Kabul. I immediately went in pursuit, followed by servants and villagers, and overtook the officials who had gone about a quarter of a mile away and had my chuprassee with them. They were surrounded by angry villagers, who had evidently gone before me. There were two officials on tats, and they turned out to be the *kunango* and *gomashta*. On my approach, one of the crowd knocked the *kunango* off his horse with his fist or *lattie*, and if I had not interfered the officials would have had cause to remember the 31st of December. I asked the *kunango* for his authority for taking away my servant. He said he did not know he was my servant; and produced a letter from the Tehsildar which, he considered, warranted him in seizing kahars. It was fully proved that he took the man away by force and never asked any one whether he was my servant or not. I had a copy of the letter made and signed by the *kunango* and I now send you one. I then went to the Tehsildar who, of course, said he was very sorry for what had happened and offered to fine the *kunango* as much as I wished. While I was at the *Tehsil*, two men were brought in for Kabul, and one was only let go because he happened to be over thirty. On the 4th January I saw two more men being taken to the *Tehsil*, but they had to grin and bear it as they were not servants of Europeans. Well may the natives think there is one law for them and quite another for Europeans."

A LOCAL paper advocates the construction of a tramway at Allahabad from Papamow Ghat through Cannington to the railway station.

MR. T. H. S. BIDDULPH, Senior Assistant Accountant General, N. W. P., has been compelled by ill health to apply for furlough to Europe on medical certificate. Mr. Biddulph leaves for England almost immediately.

A BILLIARD match was played at Calcutta on the 7th inst. between Shorter and Stanley, seven hundred up. Stanley led till 682 was called, leaving Shorter at 642, from which he ran out with an unfinished break. Out of three games of pyramids Stanley won two.

WE read in the local paper that two squadrons of the 5th Bengal Cavalry passed through Lahore on the 6th inst., a wing of the Central Indian Horse on the 8th, and the 18th Royal Irish on the 9th. The last detachment of the garrison at Vitakri left that station on the 2nd, and the place is now abandoned at last.

THE Hon. P. Macfadyen and Mr. J. C. Shaw were on Friday elected President and Vice-President, respectively, of the Bank of Madras for the current year.

A COMMITTEE composed of General O'Connell, Quartermaster General, President; Colonel Walker, Commissary General, and Mr. Puckle, C.I.E., of the Board of Revenue, as members, will assemble shortly to report upon the best means of transit in the Madras Presidency.

THE police guard in charge of Jumpa Pandai, the Rumpa rebel, when he made his escape, have been punished. The head constable has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment, and another constable to one month's imprisonment. Fifty carbines and 10,000 rounds of ammunition are to be despatched to Visagapatam, for the use of Mr. Wilcock's force. A village called Kannapatri was recently attacked by the rebels, and four men captured; three of them, however, managed to escape, and report the circumstance to the authorities.

OUR troops employed in the Naga campaign are having a hard time of it. The Lahore journal says:—"Since the operations began the duty has been so hard that the men's average of nights in bed has been but one-and-a-half. Sickness is naturally greatly on the increase, and the probability of the campaign being yet indefinitely protracted renders any alleviation of the pressure on the troops impossible without considerable reinforcements. We desire to call the attention of the Commander-in-Chief to the present state of the 42nd, 43rd, and 44th regiments, and especially to that set. Our correspondent writes:—'They say the 44th is to be left in these hills after this affair is over, split into detachments, and scattered over the hills.' For the sake of one of the most valuable regiments in the service we hope this report is not true. It has already suffered very severely—it has upwards of ten per cent. sick now, and is 150 short of its full complement. Composed almost exclusively of Goorkhas, it will be most difficult, if not impossible, to obtain recruits of this class if the regiment is not permitted a little respite and time to pull itself together after the campaign. Frittered away in small detachments over the Naga hills it cannot but suffer in every respect of drill, equipment, and discipline. The long roll of gallant services rendered by the 44th, to say nothing of the individual credit it has established, should avail to save it from the deteriorating influences here pointed out; and we trust that measures will be taken to avert them."

THE thoughtfulness of the Native Chiefs for the widows and orphans of our soldiers killed in the Afghan campaign, is very praiseworthy. In addition to the sums already subscribed by some of them to the Behar Landholders' Association towards this purpose, we (*Indian Herald*) are glad to learn of the Maharajas of Dhurbanga, Hatwah, and Bettia having given Rs. 20,000 each. A proportion of the entire sum raised by the Association goes towards providing comforts for the sick and wounded in the field.

RANGOON is apparently assuming the aspect of a sanitarium for sick and invalid natives of India. A correspondent states that the number has increased very largely of late years. This has been a sickly season with even the strongest, but the climate alone can hardly have affected the Indian population so severely, the likelihood is that a great many go to Burma sick, thinking that where so many of their compatriots make money by hard work it must be a paradise for the sick and destitute. There could hardly be a greater mistake, as the necessaries of life there have increased enormously in price of late years, and the poor find it more difficult day by day to make both ends meet. When to poverty is added sickness and disease, the native of India in a Burmese town is really badly off. His own countrymen will do but little for him, while other races do not do much.

ARRANGEMENTS have been concluded between the Orient Steam Navigation Company and the Pacific Steamer Navigation Company (of Liverpool); under which the two companies will run fortnightly steamers between London and Australia direct, commencing from this month.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

THE Directors of the Bank of Madras have declared a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. for the half year ended 31st ultimo, making, with the dividend for the first half, a total of 6¼ per cent. for the year. Considering the generally unfavourable character of the past year for trade this result must be considered fairly satisfactory. It is worthy of remark that the reserve fund of the Bank has been added to, during the past year, to the extent of Rs. 1,25,000, making the total reserve fund now Rs. 7,25,000. Had this addition to the reserve been divided among shareholders, they would have drawn a total dividend of 9, instead of 6¼ per cent. for the year. We are ourselves, however, firmly persuaded that the Bank Directors have acted wisely in increasing their reserve which has heretofore not borne that proportion to capital which is usual with first class banks in England. So long as the Government was a part proprietor in the bank, there was obviously not the same necessity, for purposes of credit, to hold a large reserve fund that there is now, when the Bank merely acts as bankers for the Government. The crisis through which the Oriental Bank passed last year must have opened the eyes of all Bank Directors to the necessity of being prepared for occasional heavy losses. The Oriental's reserve fund was a very large one, about one-third of its capital, and yet it was nearly all absorbed last year. But for this ample reserve fund, it seems doubtful if the Bank could have withstood the pressure of the late commercial crisis. The normal reserve fund of its Bank of Madras is but a lakh, sometimes more, sometimes less, or about 10 per cent. of the capital. Our readers can judge for themselves whether this is a sufficient margin to cover the increased risks of trade now-a-days. But it is worthy of notice that the London and Westminster Bank, which is to be registered as a limited liability company, with a capital of £2,800,000, propose to increase its reserve to £1,400,000, or 50 per cent. of the capital. It may be argued that the Bank of Madras has no right to engage in mercantile business, but then this would be to deprive shareholders of the chances of receiving any interest on their capital. So long as the Bank can pay fair dividends and the same time add something to its reserve fund, shareholders will have good reason to be satisfied. If all Banks were required to keep reserve funds in proportion to their capital, and not allowed to pay dividends, of over 5 per cent. till the requisite reserve was provided, we should hear of fewer Bank disasters and fewer complaints from holders of Bank shares. Any excess above the reserve should be limited, but any excess could be divided among shareholders in the shape either of bonus or increased dividends. In practice, no well managed Bank will risk the security of its position in any way by parting with too large a portion of its profits in the shape of dividends.

WE see that the net profit of the Madras Bank for the past half year was Rs. 1,76,106-1-8. The profits in previous half years, and the rate of dividend declare since 1876, are as follows:—

30th June 1879	Rs. 3,71,775	8	p. cent. p. annum.
31st Dec. 1878	,, 1,01,896	4	,, ,,
30th June 1878	,, 2,96,934	10	,, ,,
31th Dec. 1877	,, 3,60,039	12	,, ,,
30th June 1877	,, 3,66,114	12	,, ,,
31st Dec. 1876	,, 2,13,254	8	,, ,,
30th June 1876	,, 2,15,704	9	,, ,,

The profit for the past half year is unusually small, though not so small as last year; but business has been very dull, and money very cheap. The crops of the present season promise to be good, and there are symptoms of a revival in trade, so that the Bank could in the year 1880 with better prospects than it has had at any time since the famine.—*Madras Mail.*

GOUGH'S MARCH TO KABUL.

HD.-QRS. GENERAL CHARLES GOUGH'S BRI. GADE, SHERPUR, 27TH DECEMBER.

IN these times of *looting* daks and wire cutting to say nothing of all communications being cut off with the outer world, it seems to be very little use sitting down to give you a description of this brigade's march from Jugdulluk to reinforce Sir Frederick Roberts's Division in Kabul. I cannot say it has been a very pleasant march for man or beast, more particularly for the latter, as the old problem has been tried with the usual disastrous result, of seeing how long a camel or mule can keep going, from morn to night, on next to nothing at all. It is true the transport officers scraped up what they could in the shape of *bhoosa*, but it seldom exceeded half a dozen bullock loads under the most favourable circumstances. However, I must return to my daily diary.

21ST DECEMBER.—After the usual morning struggle, we got away from Jugdulluk camp soon after daylight, the Goorkhas leading the way and crowning the heights. Our main body consisted of the 9th Foot, Hissars Mountain Battery, a company of Sappers and Miners, 2nd and 4th Regiments of Goorkhas. Avoiding the Jugdulluk Pass, the road stretches over a series of undulating hills to Kata Sung, where, scarcely a month ago, this very brigade had been hurried up only to be almost immediately sent back again to Gundamuk for strategic reasons best known to our respective Generals. At any rate, the memorable interview between General Bright and Macpherson was held here, on which occasion the former offered to take charge of the whole road to Cabul, but was snubbed for his generosity, and told to restrict his jurisdiction to Gundamuk, with his advance posts at Jugdulluk—at least that is the version we have always had of the affair. This was in the days when the Cabul Division was flushed by the Charasiab success, and the idea was paramount that the Kurram Valley Force then occupying Cabul was more than sufficient to keep the whole country in awe. How quickly this fool's paradise was to be dispelled is now a matter of history, and in the hour of need the Khyber Division was no longer missed. By the way, harking back to this Jugdullak Pass, it would be interesting to know why our former armies committed themselves to this perilous defile of three miles in length, where a single camel can scarcely get through with his load, when a fine open country road ran parallel to it over an open and undulating range of hills all the way to Kata Sung, thus avoiding all danger from an enemy harassing its flanks, and crushing it by showers of rocks and stones from the heights above, which our army of 1841 experienced so fatally. I do not suppose in the whole roadway from the Khyber there is an easier march for troops and baggage animals than from Jugdullak to Kata Sung, and apparently with very little manual labour expended on it. The ascent from Kata Sung is rather severe over the *kotal* leading to Sei Baba, where we encamped by nightfall under a bold cliff, which stands out by itself in the midst of the little plain, or, more properly speaking, the stony bed of what must in former days have been a very considerable river.

There are three different explanations of the name of this place. Sei Baba, or tomb of the three saints; Syah Baba, or tomb of the great giant; Esau Baba, or tomb of the saint Esau. I am not sufficiently up in the merits of the case to give any opinion as to which is the correct one; but undoubtedly it must be a locality held in great veneration by the natives, as the remains of hundreds of tombs with a solitary tree, overhanging them, which grows up from among the dreary boulders we had to stumble over, carries this idea out. This part of the country, strange to say, seemed well-disposed towards us, not a shot was fired upon our column all day, and fair supplies of grain were brought into camp, for which high prices were asked, and given without demurrage. But this soon ceased to be the country people's game, as they stupidly carry out everywhere; for I noticed on many occasions Re. 8 and Re. 10 were paid over for a couple of bullock-loads of *bhoosa*! I presume this is by way of conciliatory measures being kept up with the villagers, but as we have down their homes about their ears one day, and pay famine prices the next, I don't suppose we are held by them in higher esteem or affection.

22ND DECEMBER.—At the first streak of dawn the camp was all astir again, baggage-animals loaded, and the advance-guard started off merrily for the Luttabund Pass and heights, but it was a very different pair of shoes with our half-starved camels and mules, who stumbled and fell about with their loads in all directions, crossing the stony bed of the river. However, this was only the beginning of this heart-breaking day's march: from the steep ascent of six miles ahead of them over as villainous a mountain road as could be met with about here. Before a mile of this had been got over, everything was in hopeless confusion. Camels flapped down with their loads, refusing all overtures to rise; mules, owing to the wretched-pack saddles, miserable girths, and want of proper cordage, for our mules and ponies, loads were put up one moment only to fall down the next. By noon Lumsden's Guide reached the summit of the pass [7,800 feet] with his main body. The view is one of superlative beauty, and repays one for the long, weary trudge up to it. A rugged mass of jagged, rocky, purple mountains, stretching away to the Hindoo Koosh, springs to the front. Through the gap of the pass the whole wide plain of Kabul lay before us in the noon-day sun, which brought out very prominently the Bala Hissar and city itself with the Kabul and Logar rivers winding like silvery streaks through the great breadth, and for a background a network of many ridges rising higher and higher into the deep blue distance completed one of the most perfect pictures an artist would revel in and attempt to paint, if he did not mind the bleak cutting wind which pierced to the marrow of our bones. Here we met with Colonel Hudson's escort of cavalry and signallers, who came up to aid in securing our march down the mountain to Luttabund camp. After a short halt, the column moved down hill, till we reached, some two miles down the hill, a small deserted *Kootchi* camping-ground, and what was more welcome, the first drop of water since we left Sei Baba! This want must always be a serious one to all convoys and movements of troops over this pass, more especially when the warmer weather sets in. Ridiculous as they *shin* are a nomadic race of people, from whose management of their camels and other baggage-animals our transport officers might pick up many a good wrinkle. No starvation and scant-feeding among their lot; every beast is carefully looked after, and the weights they can carry, in comparison to those of the *sirkar*, would astonish anyone. But, then, they have adopted a system, whereas we have none; and thus we drift on, from bad to worse. Their whole life is spent wandering backwards and forwards (according to the seasons of the year) between the hilly country round about Cabul and the warmer valleys of Daka and Jellalabad, and even as far as Peshawur itself, they travel in great companies with their wives and children, camels and goodly flocks of sheep and goats. Being an honest and hardy set of people, the Cabul and Peshawur merchants employ their services freely in carrying their goods and merchandize backwards and forwards. Towards the approach of winter they come down laden with the furs, dried fruits, assafœtida, and woollen cloths of Badakshan and other countries, which they exchange for Manchester goods, tea, and other articles procurable at Peshawur. These they seldom fail in delivering to their respective consignees—which is saying a great deal, considering the lawless nature of the country they have to pass through. Here we came upon two dead elephants lying almost side by side. These must have formed part of the wretched convoy of sick animals who, not a month ago, had been sent back from Cabul to recruit their health? This should have been, if possible, the proper halting-place for all our wretched transport animals, but we had two good miles more to get over before Luttabund camp was reached. It is true, that owing to a little army of Hazara coolies (whose Mongolian features we know so well about our Punjab hill stations) ably superintended by Nicholson and Talbot, of the Engineers, wonders had been effected, of late, in the shape of a good mountain road, which brought us smoothly to our journey's end. Indeed, the day's march is nothing for troops some twelve miles at the outside; but it was a very different story for overladen camels and ponies, they were bound to break down in the pitiful condition they started in from Sei Baba, and break down they did most disastrously. Late at night Major Battye brought his rearguard into camp, but much valuable camp equipage, transport animals, and stores of all kinds had to be left behind him, more especially as the hillmen who had carefully avoided our column all day, were beginning to assemble like vultures awaiting their prey, knowing full well that all must inevitably fall into their hands, and supplementing their movements by a dropping fire on our escorts. In Luttabund camp we met the 13th Bengal Lancers, who had cut their way so gallantly through the enemy's lines this very morning before dawn: it is almost miraculous their losses were so small when one considers the excessively difficult nature of the country they had to grope through in the dark, swarming as it was with the enemy's troops in all directions. From them we first ascertained in what a sad plight Sir Frederick Robert's Division was reduced to after his several days' encounter with the enemy, and how anxiously our arrival was looked for.

By daylight of the 22nd December General Gough marched down into the plains of Kabul, his movements being greatly hastened by the above intelligence of the critical state our other force was in, and also from the sounds of very heavy firing which had been distinctly heard at break of day. His little army was materially strengthened by the arrival from Sir Frederick's garrison, which he brought on with him. The day was bright and sunny, and our long winding column, no doubt, struck terror into the hearts of the enemy's wavering troops, repulsed as they had just been in their last grand attack on the Sherpur cantonments. On reaching Butkhak, our advance-guard found it had been hastily deserted only an hour or two ago by the Kohistani and other troops. It was rather exasperating to find that the cage was empty and that the birds had got away so cheaply after all our exertions, but the minds of the beleaguered garrison must have been greatly relieved when they saw our long-expected force was now a substantial reality, and "Sister Anne" had turned up at last.

General Gough hastened to secure the river passage of the bridge over the Logar, which the enemy most fortunately had neglected to cling to, or fortify; and thus our further advance was happily secured. Towards evening a heavy fall of snow set in, which, under ordinary circumstances, might have made a commander halt his troops, but General Gough wisely threw aside all difficulties, and long before daybreak his little column was well on the road, or rather causeway, through the marshes leading to the city. A thick fog now set in, which might have contributed materially in aiding any flank attack the enemy determined upon. However, the enemy was conspicuous only by his absence; and as the day wore on, and the fog lifted, we came in contact with Sir Frederick Roberts's force—and a happy moment it was for all concerned, us, and thus our juncture was effected without the loss of a single man on our side or a shot fired since the brigade left Jugdullak.

This must conclude the dull and uneventful history of our march to Cabul. The great losses of camp equipage, and other stores incurred by the breakdown of our transport is much to be regretted; but, on the other hand, everything was sacrificed to reinforcing the Cabul Division, which, we know, to be in a critical situation, and the last solo object was fully attained. I cannot say this brigade has been a lucky one. Hitherto fortune has treated it most scurvily from the very beginning of this campaign. Hastily scrambled together, and without adequate transport and commissariat, it has been left to make the best of its way from Peshawur, and everything sacrificed to the other prosperous child on the Kurram side. Not a camel or mule was allotted to it in the Punjab: everything was sent off to Kohat, and the 9th Foot was actually stripped of every camel it had on arrival from Nowshera, and told to make the best of its way to Jellalabad in hackeries to join the "Advance Field Force." With such material the Khyber Division crawled on to the derision of outside critics, who have not known how to say enough in condemning it, and now that it has reached the goal of its ambition and become absorbed in the numbers of this garrison, it still finds itself left out in the cold, morally and physically to weather out as best it may in shiny sepoy *pals*, devoid of all comfort, the rigour of a severe winter, snow and frost having well set in. Many officers tell me that everything they possessed was left behind at Gundamuk, so that there is much lamentation among them in the matter of clothing, and as for boots and shoes, they are at a very high premium; whereas their more fortunate brethren are, comparatively speaking, living up here in the lap of luxury,—troops well housed in comfortable barrack-rooms, cots to lie down on, and roaring fires for all day.

It was intended, I believe, that this brigade should occupy the Bala Hissar for strategic reasons, but sinister rumours are abroad that it is completely undermined; added to which those who have recently gone over it tell me it has been completely gutted, and nothing but bare and comfortless walls remain, all doors and windows having been removed and most of the rooms devoted by its late filthy occupants to the meanest offices. Good are the facilities again this time for the Bala Hissar Field Force.

EUROPEAN AND OTHER EXTRACTS

ONE DAY IN INDIA.

XX.—MEM-SAHIB.

"Her life is lone. He sits apart;
He loves her yet: she will not weep,
Tho' rapt in matters dark and deep
He seems to slight her simple heart.
For him she plays, to him she sings
Of early faith and plighted vows;
She knows but matters of the house,
And he, he knows a thousand things."

I first met her shepherding her little flock across the ocean. She was a beautiful woman, in the full sweetness and bloom of life. The mystery of early wifehood and motherhood gave a pensiveness to her soft eyes; but her voice and manner disclosed the cheerful confidence of perfect health and a pure heart. Her talk was of the boy husband she had left, the station life, the attached servants, the favourite horse, the garden and the bungalow. Her husband would soon follow her, in a year, or two years, and they would return together; but they would return to a silent home—the children would be left behind. She was going home to her mother and sisters; but there had been changes in this home. So her thoughts were waves of hopes and fears: and, as she sat on deck of an evening, with the great heart of the moon-lit sea palpitating around us, and the homeless night-wind sighing though the cordage, she would sing to us one of the plaintive ballads of the old country, till we forgot to listen to the sobbing and the trampling of the engines, and till all sights and sounds resolved themselves into a temple of sentiment round a charming priestess chanting low anthems. She would leave us early to go to her babies. She would leave us throbbing with mock heroics, undecided whether we should cry, or consicrate our lives to some high and noble enterprise, or drink one more glass of hot whiskey-and-water. She was kind, but not sentimental; her sweet, yet practical "good-night" was quite of the work-a-day world; we felt that she tended to steady illusions.

She had three little boys, who were turned out three times a-day in the ultimate state of good behaviour, tininess, and cleanliness, and who lapsed three times a-day into a state of original sin combined with tar and ship's grease. These three little boys pervaded the vessel with an innocent smile on their three little faces, their mother's winning smile. Every man on the ship was their own families friend, bound to them by little interchanges of biscuits, confidences, twine, and by that electric smile which their mother communicated, and from which no one wished to be insulated. Yes, they quite pervaded the vessel, these three little buds of innocents, flying that bright and friendly smile; and there was no description of mischief suitable for three very little boys that they did not exhaust. The ingenuity they squandered every day in doing a hundred things which they ought not to have done was perfectly marvellous. Before the voyage was half over we thought there was nothing left for them to do; but we were entirely mistaken. The daily round, a common cask would furnish all they had to ask to them the meanest whistle that blows, or a pocket-knife, could give thoughts that too often led to smiles and tears.

Their mother's thoughts were ever with them, but she was like a hen with a brood of ducklings. They passed out of her element, and only returned as hungry calls them. When they did return she was all that soap and water, loving reproaches, and tender appeals could be, and as they were very affectionate little boys, they were for the time thoroughly organised morally and physically, and sealed with the absolution of kisses.

I saw her three years afterwards in England. She was living in lodgings near a school which her boys attended. She looked careworn. Her relations had been kind to her, but not warmly affectionate. She had been disappointed with the welcome they had given her. They seemed changed to her, more formal, narrower, colder. She longed to be back in India; to be with her husband once more. Her boys engrossed all the affection she had to waste or the height of the thermometer was Prospero to this social Caliban.

He felt that before the fine instincts of women his infirmity of purpose constantly asserted, he drifted into misogyny through bashfulness and pride; and yet misogyny was incompatible with his scheme of life and his ambition. He felt himself to be worthy of his life in India and its home life; he desired to be at the top of the stool. Looking at the book the doctor suddenly exclaimed—using strong expletives—"I've lost, that's what I've done. Look here, old man, I've lost." "Hand me the money," said the official, amid tremendous laughter. "I can't," said the doctor, "but I'll give you my card." "I want the money," repeated coolly replied the official, amid much laughter. "I'll give you an I O U." ("A hi ho hew," shouted some one in the room, and the doctor scowled.) "Give me five pounds on account," said the official. The doctor now straightened himself, adjusted his collar, and, addressing the official, said, "You promised to stand £100 towards my election expenses. This will just do." (Great laughter.) "And yet you want me to pay you £5. Can't you trust me?" After some altercation, the doctor seized hold of the official and gave him a good shaking. Affairs were growing serious, when the doctor said at once muttered "I'm a gentleman," and then addressing the official he apologised for his rudeness and told him to write to his London address and he would get the money which he would pay at Tattersall's.—Mr. Fairburn, addressing the Doctor: "They were engaged in an election fight, not in a pugilistic fight." "Quite right," replied the Doctor, "and I'm sorry—(here he bowed)—I forget myself." Shortly afterwards the "officials" left the room. The Doctor was then asked if he could "Consent to the severance of Ireland from Great Britain," and he said "He would shed his last drop of blood to maintain the union and would "Knock the Home Rulers on the head." (Cheers.) "Would you allow shillalaghs to be taken into the House of Commons?" "Certainly," replied the Doctor, "but" (tapping his forehead) "they should be mental ones." (Laughter.) The Doctor commenced to mourn the loss of the £100. That sum is like angels' visits, very few and very far between. But, brightening up, he said, "Never mind; I'll have £30,000 shortly, and then I'll show them." In reply to other questions, he said he was certain "would be returned," but would be a long way at the head of the poll. Wortley would come next and Waddy would be nowhere. He had good boots, good clothes, a loud voice—(laughter)—a broad sword, and who could keep him out of Parliament? Robert was his name, but he was familiarly called Robby. (A Voice: "Bobby.") The doctor replied Bobby be—— (naughty word). I am called Robby, the ladies all love me, and I must be returned at the head of the poll. General Roberts was a daring and gallant soldier, just like him. (Laughter.) He assured the meeting that he would take up his abode in Sheffield, and would be known ever after as Bobby Millar of Sheffield. He would never forsake them. ("What, never?" shouted a wag.) No, never! replied the Doctor. (Laughter.) The Doctor then entertained the meeting to his views on matrimony, phrenology, physiognomy, the mouth, the eyes, the nose, and a great variety of other topics, and telling them that they must all take whom they marry. The scenes during the speech were of the most extraordinary and amusing character, many parts being indescribable, from their very grotesqueness.

any desire to possess colonies. It is, at all events, safer to hold that, if colonies were to be had for the taking, more than one of these Powers would willingly set up a colonial empire. With England engaged in a European war, and her

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE, PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £80,000

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
London Office, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL PAID UP—£1,500,000.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

DEPOSITS of not less than Rs. 500 are received for fixed periods bearing interest at rates which may be ascertained on application.

No interest is allowed on Current Deposit Account.

BILLS are bought and sold on England, Scotland, Ireland, Paris, and on the Branches and Agencies of the Corporation at Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Mauritius, Port Elizabeth, Melbourne, Sydney, and New Zealand.

Circular Notes are also issued for the use of Travellers negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.

The Corporation effect the purchase and sale of Government Paper, Stocks, Shares, &c., on account of constituents, and undertake the safe custody of the same, drawing the interest and dividends as they fall due.

Office Hours from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. Saturdays from 10 to 1.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

BATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.

RESERVE FUND—£150,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

BOMBAY.	BENARG.	HONGKONG.
CALCUTTA.	SINGAPORE.	MANILA.
AKYAB.	BATAVIA.	SHANGHAI.
RANGOON.	SOURABAYA.	HANKOW.

THE BANK'S AGENCY IN BOMBAY

GRANTS DRAFTS ON ITS HEAD OFFICE, LONDON BANKERS, FRANCE AND GERMANY, AS WELL AS ON THE OTHER AGENCIES AND BRANCHES;
NEGOTIATES, AND RECEIVES FOR COLLECTION, BILLS OF EXCHANGE; EFFECTS REMITTANCES IN THE BANK'S OWN DRAFTS, WITHOUT CHARGE FOR COMMISSION AND CONDUCTS ALL KINDS OF GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

INTEREST.

On Current Deposit Accounts interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly Balances, up to Rs. One Lac, but no interest allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS OF MONEY

ARE RECEIVED AT CALL ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE LEARNED ON APPLICATION, AND FOR FIXED PERIODS AS FOLLOWS:—
6 months' notice ..... 4 per cent. per annum.
12 " ..... 5 " "

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

C. J. SHARP, Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits and allows Interest thereon as follows:—
Deposits subject to 6 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 per cent.
Do. do. 12 do. do. "

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

Bombay, 1st December 1877.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE: 65, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

MONEY REMITTED.

At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
" SCOTLAND, | " PARIS,
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.

If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.

CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of, Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST.

On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal
interest will be allowed.....at 5 p. ct. per annum.
Do. 6 do. do. do. 4 do.

All letters should be addressed, and Hoondies made payable, to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

H. W. JONES,
Bombay Agent.

HOTELS.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

INDIA TO ENGLAND by THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE. Re-printed from the *Bombay Gazette*.
PRICE—ONE RUPEE.
May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office and from Messrs. Thacker & Co.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
P. GRANT AND SON'S,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHIPS, SPURS,
AND
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

THE Undersigned have FOR SALE the following, Messrs. CURTIS & HARVEY'S GUNPOWDER:—

	Rs.		
F	11 per barro	1 lbs.	each.
FF	11-8	do	do.
FFF	12	do	do.
F	lb. tin	9 per dozen lbs.	
FF	do	9	do.
FFF	do	10	do.
F	do	10	do.
FF	do	10	do.
FFF	do	11	do.

The above prices are subject to 2 per cent. discount.
No. 6, 1 lb. cannister at Rs. 45 per case 25 lbs. nett each.
HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co., Sole Agents.
May 16, 1879. No. 6, Apollo Street Fort.

RAYNHAM'S ENTERICON.
THE NEW SPECIFIC.
GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF and Speedy Cure in Nervousness, Indigestion, Flatulence, Palpitation, Lowness of Spirits, &c.
GIVES SPEEDY RELIEF and a Permanent Cure in Nervous Debility, Weakness, and all Kindred Disorders.
RAPIDLY RENOVATES the NERVOUS and MUSCULAR SYSTEM, and is an Infallible Remedy for Liver Complaints, Female Complaints, Loss of Appetite, &c.
A SPECIFIC for all IMPURITIES of the BLOOD, Offensive Breath, Pimples, Eruptions, the baneful effects of Mercury, &c.
A Trial will satisfy the most sceptical of this extraordinary medicine. Sold by all Druggists throughout the World.

SOLD WHOLESALE BY:—Smith Stanistreet & Co., Calcutta. Bathgate & Co., Calcutta. B. Scott, Thompson & Co., Calcutta. D. S. Kemp & Co., Bombay. Treacher & Co, Bombay, Byculla, and Poona. Barrie & Co., Madras. My. Peter & Co., Lahore and Simla. E. Gillon & Co., Lahore, J. Maitland & Co., Colombo. O'Hare & Co., Bangalore.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND, And a complete mitigator of Pa n, A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

For any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY,
ESUFALLY HIPTULLA,
No. 39, Pir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions for buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 20.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A thorough-bred native Walar, "Kingsley," 4 years, 15-1 with good pedigree, untried for the turf. Rs. 1,400.

A pair of well-matched powerful dark bay Walar Geldings, 5 and 6 years old, 15-3 high, broken to harness and step well together. Rs. 2,000.

A well-bred bay Gelding, 6 years old, 15-3 high, broken to saddle and harness, would make a first charger. Rs. 1,000.

A dark bay Walar Gelding, 5 years, 15-1 high, a fine mover in single and double harness. Rs. 750.

A pair of bay Arab ponies, 4 and 5 years, 12-3 high, go well together and are very pretty, both ride. Rs. 800.

A chesnut Gelding, broken to saddle and harness, and a good canter. Rs. 750.

A very handsome powerful grey Arab, 5 years old, 14-2½ high, has been through a cavalry riding school and is good in all his paces. Rs. 1,000.

A handsome chesnut well-bred Walar mare, 6 years, 15 hands, a splendid hack and thoroughly good in all her paces. Rs. 600.

A handsome and high-caste bay Arab, 6 years, 14-3 high, a free mover with pleasant paces, has been regularly ridden by a lady. Rs. 700.

Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 23rd December 1879.

NOTICES.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISERS would GREATLY OBLIGE us by causing their ADVERTISEMENTS to be DELIVERED at the Office as EARLY in the AFTERNOON as POSSIBLE.

For Sale at this Office,

A BOOK-BINDERS' SAW-BENCH. This Machine is for sawing the backs of Books and it is arranged for foot or steam power. It contains seven Circular Saws and various-sized Washers for changing every quarter of an inch.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order at moderate prices.

Also,

WOODCUTS of every description engraved at shortest notice and at moderate prices.
Specimens may be seen at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

For Sale at this Office.

BEST RED RULING INK.
MACHINE BLANKET,
COARSE, 48 inch wide.
IRON STANDING PRESS,
In good order, very strong, with extra power, size of platen 29 by 21.
LITHOGRAPHIC STONES.
BLACK PRINTING INK.
ALSO
SECOND-HAND STEAMER BLOCKS AND SHIP BLOCKS.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,
The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.

DOB WORKS, NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
(BREAKFAST.)

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendence to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well-fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold only in Packets or Tins labelled
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON

HOCKIN'S
IMPROVED SEIDLITZ POWDER.
FOR IMMEDIATELY PRODUCING SEIDLITZ WATER WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST TROUBLE.

Is prepared from a correct analysis of the celebrated German Spring, the value of which for so many years has been fully recognised by the Medical Professions. From the combination of Saline Salts and Carbonic Acid, action upon the Digestive and Renal Organs is at once effected.

AS A SALINE APERIENT,

It is especially recommended in all cases of
Biliousness, Indigestion, Sickness, Headaches, and other AILMENTS which are generally so prevalent in tropical climates. It is cooling, refreshing, and invigorating, and in cases of FEVERS will be found a most convenient and salutary effervescent. It has stood the test of

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE,

and those who have once taken it continue to use, from confidence in its medicinal qualities. As all the ingredients are in one bottle, it will be found most
CONVENIENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

Manufactured only by HOCKIN, WILSON & CO., 38, Duke Street, Manchester Square, London.
Wholesale Agents:
BOMBAY: Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited.
CALCUTTA: Messrs. MITH, STANISTREET & Co.

Now Ready
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE
FOR
JANUARY 1880.
Printed and published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.
PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS,
Indian Postage, ½ Anna.
WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
Showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines.

☞ *The* GUIDE *has lately been thoroughly revised and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting point can spend his time to the best advantage.*

THE *GUIDE* contains, besides the other usual information, the latest alterations in the Time Tables of the B. B. & C. I. Ry, G. I. P., East Indian, Sind, Punjab and Delhi, Indus Valley State, Nizam State, Madras and the several other lines of Railway.

The GUIDE, having a large circulation amongst Travellers by Rail and otherwise, is a most effective medium for Advertisements.

CONTENTS.

Coloured Map of India.
Index to Railway Stations.
Index to Places by Steamer and Dak.
Route round the World.
Route to England from India via the Pacific.
Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad.
Tonga Daks.
Harbour Steam Ferries.
Description of Bombay.
Through Mail Trains:—
Bombay to Allahabad and Calcutta.
Calcutta to Allahabad and Bombay.
Bombay to Poona and Madras.
Madras to Poona and Bombay.
Bombay to Delhi and Mooltan.
Mooltan to Delhi and Bombay.
Bombay to Surat and Ahmedabad.
Ahmedabad to Surat and Bombay.
Railway Time Tables:—
Bombay to Allahabad and Calcutta.
Calcutta to Allahabad and Bombay.
Bombay to Nagpore.
Nagpore to Bombay.
Bombay to Poona and Madras.
Madras to Poona and Bombay.
Nizam's State Railway.
Dhond to Manmad and back.
Local Trains between Bombay, Mahim, Bandora, &c.
Bombay to Surat and Ahmedabad, &c.
Wadhwan, Ahmedabad and Surat to Bombay.
Rates for Parcels, Horses, Carriages, and dogs, on G. I. P, Khamgaum State Railway.
Amraoti State Railway.
Wurdah Valley State Railway.
Hoikar and Neemuch State Railways
Mokameh to Hardwan (E. I. Ry).
Burdwan to Mokameh (do.)
Nulhattee to Azimgunge and back.
Tirhoot State Railway.
Allahabad to Cawnpore and Delhi.
Delhi to Lahore and Mooltan.
Mooltan to Kotree.
Kotree to Kurrachee and back.
Mooltan to Shershá and back.
Kotree to Mooltan.
Mooltan to Lahore and Delhi.
Delhi to Cawnpore and Allahabad.
Lahore to Jhelum and back.
Hathras Road to Mattra and back.
Scindia State Railway.
Agra to Dholpur and back.
Delhi to Bandikui and back.
Agra to Ajmere, Jeypore and Nasirabad, and back.
Benares to Lucknow and Moradabad.
Moradabad to Lucknow and Benares.
Madras to Bangalore, Nellgherry and Beypore.
Beypore to Bangalore, Nellgherry and Madras.
Negapatam to Tuticorin and back.
Tanjore to Arukkari Chairam and back.
Madras to Chilambaram and back.
Madras to Trichinopoly, Madura, Dindigal and back.
Arconum to Conjeveram and back.
Tirevelly to Tuticorin and back.
Calcutta to Canning and back.
Calcutta to Goalundo.
Goalundo to Calcutta.
Calcutta to Kooshtea and back.
Goalundo to Damookdeh and back.
Northern Bengal State Railway.
Steam Navigation Companies:—
P. and O. Co.
Messageries Maritimes.
Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's.
Rubattino Steam Navigation Co.
Euphrates and Tigris S. N. Co.
British India Steam Navigation Co.
Irrawaddy Flotilla.
India General S. N Company.
River Stoam Navigation Co.
Routes by Steamers.
Routes to Bombay Presidency &c.
Routes in the Central Provinces.
N. W. P. and the Punjab.
Lahore to Peshawur.
Rawul Pindee to Murree.
Wuzeerabad to Sealkote.
Umritsar to Pathankote.
Umballa to Kalka.
Lahore to Ferozepore.
Mooltan to Bhawulpore.
Route to Simla.
Routes to Mussoorie, Landour and Nynee Tal.
Jullunder Cantonment to Dharmsala.
Dharmsala to Kokaar in Lahoul.
Pawul Pindee to Shrinuggur (Cashmere).
Horse Carriage Dak Association.
Darjeeling Mail Line.
Scale of Fares for Shigrams, Buggies, Cabs, &c, in Bombay.
Scale of Fares for Palkee Ganquins.
Scale of Fares for Tramway Cars.
Scale of Fares for Boats for Bombay Harbour,

May be had at the Bombay Railway Terminus and of the following

Bombay.....	Thacker, & Co. Watson & Co. Hormusjee Sorabjee, Bookseller Refreshment Rooms Apollo Bunder Messrs. Cooper & Co. Watson's Esplanade Hotel Treacher & Co. Badham & Co. Asquith and Lord Byculla Hotel and Messrs. Amaram Sagoon & Co.
Allahabad.....	Kellner & Co.
Bhosawul.....	Railway Refreshment Room.
Calcutta.....	Wyman & Co.
Ceylon (Colombo)	"Ceylon Observer" Office.
Deolalee.....	Cursetjee Dossbhoy.
Jubbulpore	Kellner & Co.
London.....	9, Street, 30, Cornhill Gordon and Gotch, St. Pride Street, Ludgate Circus, E. C.
Madras	Higginbotham & Co. Gantz Brothers, Adelphi Press, 7 and 8 Mount Road and Railway Station Refreshment Rooms.
Ootacamund ...	"Neilgherry Corries" Office
Poona	Treacher & Co., Phillip & Co., and Royal Family Hotel.
Allahabad.....	Refreshment Room.
Secunderabad ...	Cursetjee & Co.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*

"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."

Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE FOR INDIA, ON ACCOUNT OF ITS KEEPING GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., LIMITED, 43, Mark Lane, London, England.

CHAMPAGNE.

HEIDSIECK & CO.'S DRY MONOPOLE.
OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

THEODOR SATOW & CO., LONDON.—SOLE AGENTS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, INDIA AND THE COLONIES.

J. & P. COAT'S SEWING COTTON

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1878, AWARD OF GOLD MEDAL,
For superior strength and excellent quality.

BEST SOFT 6-CORD SEWING COTTON, IN BLACK AND WHITE AND ALL COLOURS SUITABLE FOR ANY SEWING MACHINE.

EXTRA GLACE COTTON.
CROCHET OR TATTING COTTON.
In SKEINS or on REELS.
Unsurpassed in Quality.

To be had of all wholesale and Retail Drapers and Merchants throughout the World.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION.
NORTON'S
CAMOMILE PILLS are confidently recommended as a simple Remedy for Indigestion, which is the cause of nearly all the diseases to which we are subject, being a medicine so uniformly grateful and beneficial, that it is with justice called the "Natural Strengthener of the Human Stomach." "Norton's Pills" act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation, safe under any circumstances, and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits to be derived from their use, as they have been a never-failing Family Friend for upwards of 45 years. Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 11s. each, by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

CAUTION.

Be sure and ask for "NORTON'S PILLS," and do not be persuaded to purchase an imitation.

THE FAVOURITE PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON.

FIRST PRIZE MEDAL BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION, 1879, AWARDED TO
P. VUCCINO & CO.,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
STUDIO OPEN FROM 8 A.M. TILL 4 P.M.

PHOTOGRAPHS EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLE, under the PERSONAL ATTENTION of a STAFF of the MOST COMPETENT EUROPEAN ARTISTS.

FOR SALE,

GRAND PANORAMIC VIEW OF BOMBAY (published under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency SIR RICHARD TEMPLE, Bart., G. C. S. I., Governor of Bombay). This Panorama to be had either for framing or in folding albums.

Views of the most important edifices in Bombay.

Also from the COLLECTION OF THE LATE MAJOR GILL, a series of the most interesting Sceneries in Khandeish, West Berar, Ajunta, Caves of Ellora, &c., &c.

1879. SPECIAL 'XMAS ANNOUNCEMENT. 1879.

NOVELTIES FOR PRESENTS AT
C. MARCKS & CO., BOMBAY.

HANDSOME Gold suites of Bracelet, Brooch and Earrings, set with
Pink Coral and Pearls, Rs. 215.
Do. Pink Coral and Diamonds, Rs. 250.
Do. Pearls and Diamonds, Rs. 240.
Do. Ivy Leaf Pattern, set with Brilliants, Rs. 675 & Rs. 825.
Do. Enamelled Brooch or Pendant and Earrings, Rs. 260.
Plain Gold Half Suites of Brooch and Earrings, from Rs. 60.
Half Suites set with Diamonds, Pearls, &c., from Rs. 85.
A variety of chaste patterns to select from.
Lockets set with Brilliants, the newest shapes, Rs. 140 to Rs. 850.

☞ *All the above are supplied with either Morocco or Blue Velvet Cases.*

Dress Studs, Links, &c., Plain, or set with Stones, from Rs. 10 to Rs. 350.
Handsome Gold Necklets, the latest London patterns, from Rs. 35 to Rs. 350.
Single Stone Gipsy Rings, set with Brilliants, from Rs. 75 to Rs. 1,000.
An immense stock of Ladies' Fancy Dress Rings, set with Pearls, Turquoise, Garnets, Rubies, &c., at prices varying from Rs. 20 to Rs. 150.
Travelling Clocks, best Electro-Plated Goods, Musical Boxes, Chronographs, Binoculars, Spectacles, Parisian Bronzes, &c.

INTIMATION.

WE have lately added an important branch to our business, viz., manufacturing on our premises Gold Chains and Jewellery of pure Indian Gold, by skilled European workmen, thereby giving the fine finish of Western workmanship, better value in gold, and saving the heavy loss by exchange, duty, &c., which have to be charged on articles of this description imported from Europe.—Our prices for this class of goods will be found lower than any firm in India.

C. MARCKS & CO.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.
12th December, 1879.

NOVELTIES BY LAST MAIL.

MEIFFRE NEVEU AND CO.
HAVE RECEIVED

A VERY choice selection of POMPADOUR COSTUMES, being models designed and executed by the leading Fashionable Dress-making Firms in Paris. All these costumes differ from one another in Shapes, Trimmings and Colours.

DRESS-MAKING BRANCH.

A splendid variety of Warm and Light Materials in the newest texture and shades; Cashmeres, Pompadours and Novelties of all sorts.

FOR THE COLD SEASON.

WARM UNDER-CLOTHING.
WARM WRAPPERS AND SHAWLS.
WARM DRESSES IN ALL MATERIALS.
WARM CLOTH, SEALSKIN, AND ASTRAKAN JACKETS.

6, HUMMUM STREET,
BOMBAY.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS,
23, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
AND
LOCLE, SWITZERLAND.

MESSRS. FAVRE, LEUBA & Co. beg to draw the attention of their Constituents and the Public to their large stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches.

From amongst their Stock they would particularly recommend their

Gentlemen's Watches in 18 carat Gold, open face, hunting and half hunting cases, with patent lever escapement, varying in price from Rs. 100 to Rs. 250.

At the same time they especially mention the Watches from Rs. 350 to Rs. 500 as very reliable time-keepers of excellent quality. And also their Pocket Chronometers and Watches with Independent-seconds in both Gold and Silver Cases, keeping the most accurate time as shown by their rate certificate from the Observatory.

LADIES' WATCHES.

Gold open face, hunting and half hunting cases, from Rs. 85 to Rs 200,
Especially inviting attention to their Stock of Enamelled and Jewelled Ladies' Watches, priced from Rs. 250 to Rs. 500.

SILVER WATCHES.

In open face, hunting and half hunting cases, patent lever escapement, at Rs. 40, 50, 65, and 75 Key-Watches.
English Lever Fusee Watches, at Rs. 80 and 120.
"KEYLESS WATCHES," open face, hunting and half hunting cases, at Rs. 45, 50, 75, and 110.

This last one is fitted with the latest improvements, of the most excellent quality, and with a Gold-winding Nut and Gold Hinges.

GERMAN SILVER WATCHES.

Railway Lever Watches, at Rs. 40 and Rs. 60.
Railway Keyless (Silver) at Rs. 60.
Keyless Lever Watches at Rs. 25 and 35.

Also a large and choice selection of all Marked Gold Alberts, Ladies' Chains, Victorias, Necklaces, &c., &c.

Catalogues giving full explanations sent free on application.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

NOTICES.

For Sale at this Office, under the authority of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce,

THE AMENDED FORM OF BILL OF LADING for Steamers from BOMBAY to LIVERPOOL via the SUEZ CANAL, as sanctioned by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, at their Meeting on the 28th August 1872. Price, per 100 Copies, Rs. 4; 50 Copies, Rs. 2-8; 25 Copies, Re. 1-4; and for single Copy, One Anna.

PERFUMERY.

J. & E. ATKINSON'S
ESS. WHITE ROSE—WOOD VIOLET—and STEPHANOTIS. GOLD MEDAL EAU-DE-COLOGNE—LAVENDER WATER.
PRIZE MEDALS—LONDON, PARIS, VIENNA, CORDOVA, LIMA, PHILADELPHIA, Paris, 1878, ONLY GOLD MEDAL for English Perfumery.
Sold by all first-class Dealers throughout the World.
J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.
The genuine guaranteed by the TRADE MARK—"A White Rose on a Golden Lyre."

HUGHES'S LOCOMOTIVE AND TRAMWAY ENGINE WORKS, LIMITED,
4, COPTHALL BUILDINGS, LONDON, AND VALCON WORKS, LOUGHBOROUGH, ENGLAND.

TRAMWAY STEAM ENGINE
FIRST MEDAL, PARIS, 1878,
Shows no Steam or Smoke, and is noiseless. The only Engine as yet allowed on Tramways in England.
COLLIERY and TANK LOCOMOTIVES of all kinds.
TRAMWAY CARS AND TRAMWAY FITTINGS.
Special care and attention is given to this department.

ILL HEALTH.—Numerous diseases arise or cannot be got rid of by reason of impurity of blood. OLD DOCTOR JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA has now for nearly half a century been prescribed in all such cases. Its cleansing, tonic, and restorative qualities render it peculiarly efficacious in cases of Biliousness, Disordered Stomach or Liver, Headache, Skin, Blotches, Piles, and ailments arising from a tainted state of the blood or debilitated constitution. To those living in crowded cities or in unhealthy districts its effects are magical. Many remedies for particular diseases fail in consequence of the enfeebled and impure state of the system. Cleanse, strengthen, and purify the system and blood, and maladies which have long proved incurable will vanish or yield to other remedies.

In conjunction with this invaluable Preparation may, with great advantage, be taken the OLD DOCTOR'S SARSAPARILLA PILLS, aperient and alterative, but not purgative. Wholesale Agents: Messrs. Bathgate and Co., for Bengal and Calcutta; or at the Sarsaparilla Depot, 131, Fleet Street, London.

☞ NOTICE.—Fraudulent imitations of old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are being sold. The genuine is sold only in Red and Blue Wrappers, the Old Dr's head in the centre and the British Government stamp affixed.

*** Agents.—TREACHER and Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla, and Poona. BATHGATE and Co., Calcutta.

80 YEARS unparalleled success have proved that ROWLAND'S TOILET ARTICLES are the best and purest ever made; they contain no lead, mineral, or poisonous ingredients, of which nearly all other hair restorers, cosmetics and powders are composed, and which are therefore most dangerous compounds.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL
strengthens the hair, eradicates scurf, etc., and is especially adapted for children's use.
ROWLAND'S KALYDOR
eradicates cutaneous eruptions, prickly heat, freckles, sunburn, etc. and produces a beautiful complexion.
ROWLAND'S ODONTO
whitens the teeth and prevents decay.
ROWLAND'S EUKONIA
is a new and ha...sless Toilet Powder.
ROWLAND'S ESSENCE OF TYRE
for dyeing red or grey hair to brown or black. Ask any Perfumery Dealer for Rowland's Articles of 20, Hatton Garden, London.
THE ONLY GENUINE.
Wholesale and retail Agents.
TREACHER AND CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE PRESS,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEWSPAPER, BOOK, JOB, AND FANCY PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLE.

BOOK BINDING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

MACHINE RULING, PAGING AND PERFORATING.

PRINTING IN COLORS AND GOLD.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING AND ENGRAVING.

LITHOGRAPHING AND DESIGNING.

Estimates forwarded on application to the Manager.

SARSAPARILLA,
Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
REDJAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
IS THE ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED BY THE FACULTY AS A WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD.

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION OF BODY, RUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE OF REDJAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY (in accordance with the instructions given), the system becomes classiable to attacks of illness

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*."—*Medical Review.*
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir E. Martin.*
The late Lord Clyde writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Forpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON, 270, Regent Street, London,
Sold in quarter, half, and pint bottles.
CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark (W. in a diamond), at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.
AROMATIC TINCTURE OF QUINODINE.
WHITMORE'S
COMPOUND LINIMENT OF ARNICA.
WHITMORE'S
STOMACHIC AND LIVER PILLS.
PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON, 270, Regent Street, London.
Agents—Treacher & Co.; Kemp & Co.; Rogers & Co.; Bolton & Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

ARE celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder, and Disease of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally. Possessing tonic properties, they agree with the most delicate stomach, strengthen the digestive organs, increase the appetite, improve the general health, and in three days will effect a cure when copaiba, cubebs, and all dangerous medicines of that class have utterly failed. 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. per box.

These celebrated Pills are infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone, many thousands are anually restored to health, and the agonies of gout and rheumatism many even in the most dreadful constitutions, no longer need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; which will break down across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are indeed unrivalled. The correct action of the kidneys will promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from constitutional debility with accumulated impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In boxes, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. & 33s.

THE MOST WONDERFUL PILLS IN THE WORLD.
DR. DE ROOS'
PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

ALL sufferers from general nervousness, and morbid feelings, low spirits, loss of memory, sleeplessness, harassing dreams, unnecessary fears, mental irritability, failure of the mental and bodily powers, weakness of the nerves, headache, noises in the head, giddiness, indigestion, and other symptoms of chronic disease, will find in Dr. De Roos' Vitæ or Dr. De Roos' Life Pills, which speedily and almost magically remove pain and disease of whatever nature, restore cheerfulness to the spirits, vigour to the body, and strengthen all the organs on which health and life depend, they do not contain a particle of mercury, but are purely vegetable; and for all affections of the liver, flatulency, bile, sick headache, dizziness, loss of appetite, lowness of spirits, sensations of fulness at the pit of the stomach, pain between the shoulders, and the distress arising from indigestion and general debility they